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1918
Indian
MOTOR CYCLES
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ALEX. ROSS & CO.,
Machinery Dept.
Phone 27.

No. 17,209. 英曆千九百壹十八年七月十五號 HONGKONG, MONDAY, JULY 15, 1918. 中華民國七年歲次戊午 PRICE $3.00 Per Month.

NOTICE.

ANY EUROPEAN Non ASIATIC or INDIAN desiring to leave the Colony should apply in person at the Central Police Station between the hours of 9 A.M. to 1 P.M. and 2 P.M. to 4 P.M. daily.

Applicants will be required to produce Passports or identification papers. All persons, with certain exceptions, who remain in the Colony for more than 7 days are required to Register themselves under the REGISTRATION of PERSONS ORDINANCE 1916. Forms of Registration giving the particulars required may be obtained at the G.P.O. and at all Police Stations.

The Penalty for non compliance is a fine not exceeding $50.

---

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

WHICH ARE VESTED THE SHARES OF

THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.,
and
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1914, £23,970,387.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| I—Authorised Capital £6,000,000 | | |
| Subscribed Capital £4,500,000 | | |
| Paid-up Capital | £2,437,500 | |
| II—Fire Funds | 3,837,047 | |
| III—Life & Annuity Funds | 17,567,590 | |
| Sinking Fund Account | 128,230 | |
| | £23,970,387 | |
| Revenue Fire Branch | £2,381,458 | |
| " Life and Annuity Branches | 2,141,593 | |
| Revenue Marine Department | 337,239 | |
| Other Receipts | 478,940 | |
| | £5,339,228 | |

The Accumulative Funds of the various Branches are separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
*Agents.*

---

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS

7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m....Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m....Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m....Every 15 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m....Every 15 minutes
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m....Every 15 minutes
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m....Every 10 minutes

NIGHT CARS.

8.50 p.m. and 9 p.m., 9.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every half hour.
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of an hour.

SUNDAYS.

7.30 a.m.
8.00 a.m. to 10.30 a.m....Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m....Every 10 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12 Noon....Every 15 minutes.
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m....Every 15 minutes.
5.30 p.m. to 6.00 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
6.00 p.m. to 6.30 p.m....Every 15minutes.
6.30 p.m. to 8.00 p.m....Every 10 minutes.
NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAYS

Extra Car at 12 midnight.

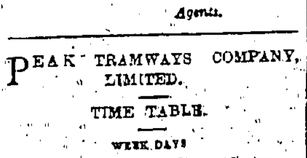
SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS' Des Vœux Road Central.

Season and punch tickets available for all cars not already full running at the time stated in the Company's time tables, but not for special cars, can be obtained on application at the Company's Office—No Season ticket will be issued until payment therefor has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheque or Compradore order representing Bank Note.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
*General Managers.*

---

METEOR GARAGE



Sole distributors of
MAXWELL CARS.
Automobiles for Hire and for Sale at reasonable Price.
Phone 2500.
65 Des Vœux Road Central. [338

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TANG YUK DENTIST, successor of the late SIEN TING, 14, D'AGUILAR STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE. Consultation free.

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BUSINESS NOTICES.

W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.

KOWLOON BAY.

Steam and Motor Vessels,
Steel Building Work of every Description,
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.

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HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD. AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Sailings:—To Canton daily at 8 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 10 p.m.
From Canton daily at 9 a.m. (Sundays excepted) and 4 p.m.

SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

Sailings:—To Macao daily at 9 a.m. (Sundays 9 a.m.) and 2 p.m. (Sundays 1 p.m.).
From Macao daily at 7.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. (Sundays 3 p.m.).

Further information may be obtained at the COMPANY'S OFFICE, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. THOS. COOK & SON, Booking Agents, Hongkong. [11

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BY APPOINTMENT.

WATSON'S PYERIS.

*REGISTERED.*

An exact reproduction of a well-known Spa at half the price. Blends perfectly with Spirits, especially Whisky.

"A little learning is a dangerous thing,
Drink deep or touch not the Pyerian Spring,
There shallow drafts intoxicate the Brain
And drinking deeply sobers us again."—*Pope.*

Pints 90 cts. Per Doz.
Splits 60 " "

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS

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THE HONGKONG HOTEL AND GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART
MANAGER.

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THE PEAK HOTEL.

1,500 Feet above Sea Level.
15 Minutes from Landing Stage.
Under the Management of—
Mrs. BLAIR.

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GRAND HOTEL.

A First-class and up-to-date Hotel most central location within the vicinity of all the principal Banks.—Noted for the best Food, Refreshments, Accommodation and Cleanliness.
Cuisine under European Supervision.
A first-class String Orchestra renders selections from 5.30 P.M. to 11.30 P.M.

Special monthly terms for residents and for Shipping People.
For further particulars apply:—
W. BARKER,
Manager.
Telephone No. 197. Telegraphic Address "COMFORT."

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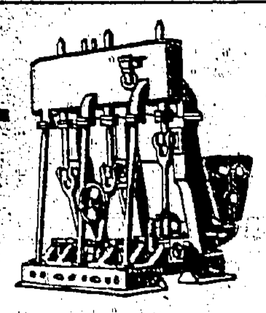
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(THE ONLY AMERICAN HOTEL IN THE COLONY.)
ICE HOUSE STREET.
Under American Management.

Nice and quiet yet only a few minutes' walk from the Banks and Central District. 43 Fe'rooms. Excellent Cuisine. Scrupulously Clean. Moderate Terms. Monthly and Family Rates on application to the Proprietress.
Launches Meet Passenger Boats.
Telegraphic Address "CARLTON." MRS. F. E. CAMERON.

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BUSINESS NOTICES



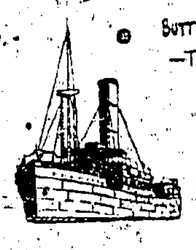
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BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

—THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY OF HONGKONG LTD.—

—TELEGRAPHIC ADD. "TAIKOODOCK"

AGENTS:— BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE —TELEPHONE No. 212—



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GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
GENERAL MANAGERS

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YEE SANG FAT CO.

Fine Gauze Underwear

Price $1.25 each and up

Also

WELL-KNOWN

B. V. D. Underwear

Price $1.00 each.

YEE SANG FAT CO.,

Tel. 1355. 34, Queen's Road Central.

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TO THOSE GOING AWAY

Keep in touch with local happenings by subscribing to

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All the News of Hongkong and the Far East.

ORDER BEFORE YOU LEAVE, SO THAT YOU MAY RECEIVE IT WHILE AWAY.

PRICE $13 PER ANNUM, INCLUDING POSTAGE.

CAN BE MAILED TO ANY ADDRESS FROM THE "CHINA MAIL" OFFICE.

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# THE WAR.

## TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

*(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)*

### NO HUGGER-MUGGER PEACE.

GOD OF BRUTE FORCE MUST BE BURNT.

SPEECH BY MR. LLOYD GEORGE.

LONDON, July 14.

Mr. Lloyd George, speaking at a dinner in honour of Canadian editors visiting the country under the auspices of the Ministry of Information, paid a tribute to Canada's effort and mentioned that Canada since the beginning of the war had manufactured 55,000,000 shells and 45,000,000 cartridge cases. Continuing, Mr. Lloyd George said we engaged the Empire in war when we had no time to consult the Dominions, but the latter approved. Henceforth they were entitled to be consulted on the policy beforehand. That was a change due to the war and hence the Imperial War Cabinet was a reality. The Dominions must also have a voice in settling the conditions of peace equally with Great Britain. Consultations last year and this year showed that we were pretty well agreed on the matter. There must be no hugger-mugger peace. It must be a real and not a fraudulent peace. Germany had waged three wars, and each time had added to her strength, thus encouraging her to the next war. If this war added a single yard to her territory, a single cubit to her stature, or a single iota to her strength it would simply raise the ideal of militarism for which the world was now being sacrificed. Therefore, it was important that the Dominions and ourselves should be in complete accord. The God of brute force must forever be broken, and burnt in its own furnace.

### THE FRENCH ADVANCE.

CAPTURE OF ROUVRELLS PLATEAU.

LONDON, July 13.

Reuter's Correspondent at French Headquarters says:—

The advance mentioned in Friday night's communique secured us the possession of the entire Rouvrells plateau. It gives capital observation over enemy movements along the main roads and also in Moreuil, Mailly and Raineval, in the neighbourhood of which the severest fighting occurred at the end of March and at the beginning of April.

Yesterday's artillery preparation was so accurate that trees in small woods were reduced to matchwood and the wide-spread network of barbed wire blown to an awful tangle.

The French assault was launched in the face of the incessant fire of hundreds of German machine-guns, hidden in strong emplacements.

THE FRENCH FRONT.

POSTS ADVANCED.

LONDON, July 13.

A French communique states:—

During the night between Montdidier and the Oise our advanced posts advanced 500 metres in the region of Porte Farm.

ITALIAN GENERAL DISGRACED.

LOSS OF RANK AND PAY.

LONDON, July 13.

An Italian military bulletin announces that General Cadorna Capello has been retired with the loss of rank and pay.

General Capello commanded the Second Army in the battle in October last year.

### BRITISH AERIAL ACHIEVEMENTS.

A YEAR'S PROUD RECORD.

4,000 HOSTILE MACHINES BROUGHT DOWN.

LONDON, July 13.

The Press Bureau states:—

During the year ending June 30, 1918, on the Western Front alone the British destroyed 2,150 aircraft and drove down 1,083.

The Air Force, in conjunction with the Navy, shot down 623 machines.

During the same period 1,094 of our machines were missing, also 92 working with the Navy.

Between April to June on the Italian Front the British destroyed 165 machines and drove down six. Thirteen British machines were missing.

On the Salonika Front between January to June we destroyed 21 and drove down 13. Four British machines were missing.

From March to June in Egypt and Palestine we destroyed 26 machines machines and drove down 13. Four British machines were missing.

The British, therefore, during the year brought down over 4,000 aircraft, while our missing slightly exceed 1,000.

BOLSHEVIKS ON MURMAN COAST.

CAPTURED BY SOCIAL REVOLUTIONARIES.

COPENHAGEN, July 13.

A message from Vardoe states that 2,000 Bolsheviks have arrived on the Murman Coast.

The counter-Revolutionaries surrounded their train took them prisoner and disarmed them, but subsequently allowed them to return to Moscow.

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## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

### THE ADVANCE IN ALBANIA.

FURTHER POSITIONS TAKEN.

LONDON, July 13.

A French Eastern communiqué says:

The advance in Albania has continued on both banks of the Devoli. Mount Komjani, on the right bank, has been captured and the mountainous region on the left bank between the Devoli and Tomorica has been cleared, except a hill commanding the confluence where the enemy is resisting.

Over 400 prisoners have been taken.

HEAVY ENEMY LOSSES.

LATER.

The Allies' captures in Albania so far are 1,600 prisoners and six guns.

The enemy losses are very heavy.

### THE WESTERN FRONT.

BRITISH REFULSE RAID.

LONDON, July 12.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:

We drove off an attempted enemy raid in the morning, with enemy loss, in the neighbourhood of Bucquoy.

RAIN LIMITS AERIAL ACTIVITY.

Heavy rainstorms on the 11th limited activity in the air.

Our aeroplanes dropped nine tons of bombs on a railway junction behind the German lines, destroyed three German aeroplanes and drove down two out of control. Three British machines are missing.

Night flying was impossible.

THREE ENEMY AERODROMES BOMBED.

LONDON, July 12.

The Air Ministry reports:—

On the night of July 11 we successfully bombed three aerodromes, causing two fires, and fired many machine-gun rounds on sidings at Saarbruck on the 12th.

All our machines returned.

(Continued on Page 4.)

## INTIMATIONS

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that an INTERIM DIVIDEND of £2. 3. 0 per Share, subject to deduction of Income Tax, has been declared for the HALF YEAR ending 30th June, 1918, at rate of 3/3½ per Dollar.

The Dividend will be payable on and after MONDAY, the 12th August, 1918, at the Offices of the Corporation, where Shareholders are requested to apply for Warrants.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 29th July, to SATURDAY, the 10th August, 1918 (both days inclusive) during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Court of Directors,
N. J. STABB,
*Chief Manager.*

Hongkong, July 11, 1918. 592

THE WEST POINT BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of Three Dollars per Share for the six months ending 30th June, 1918, will be payable on FRIDAY, 26th July, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Friday, the 19th, to Friday, the 26th July (both days inclusive) during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
*Secretary.*

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
*General Agents for the*
WEST POINT BUILDING Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, July 10, 1918. 588

THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of Three and half Dollars per Share for the six months ending 30th June, 1918, will be payable on FRIDAY, 26th July, on which date Dividend Warrants may be obtained on application at the Company's Office.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Friday, the 19th, to Friday, the 26th July (both days inclusive) during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
*Secretary.*

Hongkong, July 10, 1918. 589


DAIRY FARM NEWS.

JUNKET

Cannot be excelled with tinned or fresh stewed fruit

COULOMMIER CHEESE.
COTTAGE CHEESE.

Nourishing and ideal food

DEVONSHIRE CREAM

Can always be had.

We supply Junket Tablet on application.

66

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Central Location

ALL ELECTRIC TRAMS Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting. European Baths and Sanitary Fittings. Hot and Cold Water System throughout.

Best of Food and Service.

TELEPHONE 373
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "VICTORIA." J. WITCHELL, *Manager.*

VICTORIA CAFE, LTD.
24a Des Voeux Road Central.
Telephone No. 2687.

We guarantee the quality of our Bread and Cakes.

We use the highest grade of materials in their Manufacture. [367

FRENCH LESSONS

G. MOUSSION.

15, Morrison Hill Road.




GRAÇA & Co.

DEALERS IN POSTAGE STAMPS, POST CARDS, FLOWER SEEDS, TOYS, &c., &c.
No. 10, WYNDHAM STREET, HONGKONG, CHINA.

INTIMATIONS

IF YOU ARE INTERESTED IN AN INVESTMENT which, in return for an outlay of £100 per annum for five years, will thereafter return you an Income of from £500 to £1,000 per annum.

Write for full particulars to:

AFRICAN REALTY TRUST, LTD.
(Capital £400,000 fully subscribed).
36 New Broad Street,
London, E.C.2., England.

593

THE CHINESE OPTICAL CO.
HONGKONG BRANCH
67 QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.




The only OPTICAL HOUSE in Far East
Awarded an Efficiency Diploma at Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

SCIENTIFIC EYE EXAMINATION
All sorts of Frames, Lenses, and Protection glasses.

"REGAL" RECORDS

7312 { Another Little Drink / If you were the only Girl
7302 { A Broken Doll / Keep the Kettle Boiling, Mary...
7174 { They didn't believe me / They had to swim back to the Shore.
7291 { A Perfect Day / Somewhere a Voice.
6945 { The Syncopated Walk / The Minstrel Parade.

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.
TEL. 1322.

ASAHI BEER




SOLE AGENTS:
MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA,
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THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
CURES DISCHARGES, FURUNCLES, WITHOUT INJECTIONS.
THERAPION No. 2
CURES BLOOD POISON, BAD LEGS, SKIN ERUPTIONS.
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CURES CHRONIC VITAL WEAKNESS, EXHAUSTION, &c.
THERAPION
ASK FOR THERAPION & SEE YOU GET IT.

If you are fond of a good smoke go to your tobacconist and get a box of

Golofina CIGARS




SOLD IN TWO SIZES:-- PERFECTOS & BOUQUETS

THE SMOKE OF CONNOISSEURS.

STOCKED BY ALL LEADING TOBACCONISTS.

This advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.


## KAISER TO CONTROL AUSTRIA FOR NEXT 25 YEARS.

THE NEW TREATY.

LONDON, May 30.

The *Telegraph* has received the following despatch from its Milan correspondent, under date of Tuesday:

The Austrian and the German public is informed, at last, of the details of the military convention forced upon Emperor Charles during his recent sojourn at German headquarters, and the details, as now published by the *Deutsche Volkszeitung*, are bound to create a deep impression. The new treaty, says this paper, consists of seven clauses, as follows:

TERMS OF THE NEW TREATY.

1. His High Majesty the German Kaiser and King of Prussia, on the one hand, and His High Apostolic Majesty the Kaiser of Austria and King of Hungary, on the other, form a close military alliance for twenty-five years, during which both parties to the alliance pledge themselves to employ the entire strength of their peoples for military purposes. The allied nations of Germany and Austria-Hungary shall divert all their care to have their armies enter into any eventual future conflict fully prepared and at the maximum of their strength. Only thus can a future war be of brief duration, for had the armies of both allies been in this condition in 1914 this war would have been ended long ago.

2. All the male inhabitants capable of bearing arms shall receive proper and thorough military instructions. Special formations, moreover, shall provide for all auxiliary services in connection with the production of arms and ammunition.

3. Regulations for the organization, instruction and employment of the allied troops shall be drawn up according to one common principle, the initiative of which shall be left principally to Germany. The formation of the troops of the various states of Germany and of Austria-Hungary shall constitute one sole army, without being considered strangers to each other.

4. Armament shall be on a uniform basis, to the extent that the formations of one country may draw their supplies from the nearest depot in the other country, wherever stationed, without having to depend, as in the past, on supplies from some distant home base.

5. The allied troops shall be brought into contact with each other for the purpose of educating them to mutual esteem, love and appreciation. This principle shall guide the training of future officers, and an exchange of officers shall be organized between the German and the Austro-Hungarian Armies, so that the Austro-Hungarian officers may, as occasion requires, command German troops and vice versa.

6. All preparations for future wars shall be made on a common understanding between the General Staffs. This will require, naturally, close collaboration between the General Staffs and the Government Ministers. All preparatory economic measures connected with eventual war shall be taken beforehand, in time of peace, and the necessary departments created.

7. Railway lines and construction shall be started and undertaken by both allies in common accord and on a unified plan.

CONVENTION CAUSES MUCH OPPOSITION.

Thus Germany has succeeded in completely superposting the Austro-Hungarian Army with her own and preparing herself for future wars. As the clauses of the new treaty become gradually known, it is no wonder that discontent and dread of the future become general in Austria.

All the Socialist papers raise a warning cry, asking whether the world has not had sufficient experience of the Moloch of war, and why should Austria be dragged into a perpetual alliance for a perpetual cycle of wars supply to please German war madness?

## WAR PRICES IN PARIS.

TOBACCO FAMINE; WHISKY 1s. 8d. A "NIP."

There will have to be more budgeting in England before prices reach the level of those now ruling in France. In view of the now prices for beer and spirits in England, it is interesting to indicate some of the price in Paris. Take beer. A bock in a good café on the Boulevards cost 8d.; Vermouths, which before the war were 4d. and 5d., are now 1s. 0½d. They have gone up 2½d. since the luxury tax was imposed. A "nip" of brandy costs 1s. 3d. Where whisky can still be had, 1s. 8d. and 2s. 1d. is charged for the "nip." These prices do not include tips, which run from 1s. to 2½d.

Bottles of whisky sell at £1 to £1 7s. 6d., and rum, which before the war was 3s. 9d. a bottle, is now 10s.

Ordinary tobacco is 8d. for 40 grammes, a little over an ounce—when and where it can be had. But you may enter 99 shops in a hundred without finding any. "Nothing to smoke," "No French or foreign tobacco or cigarettes, cigars only"—so run the notices on most of the tobacco-shop doors.

It is the truth to say that it is easier to obtain English than French tobacco. But the prices! A four-ounce tin of a mixture not by any means the dearest in England costs 8s. 4d. here, and the price of a popular cigarette is 1s. 1d. for 10.


The Man Who Gets There

is the man who has blood—real rich red blood and plenty of it—in his body.

WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND

makes blood—lots of it—life giving, brain nourishing, strength replenishing blood.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

PRICES $1.25 and $2.25.


## YOUNG SKIPPERS.

HISTORY REPEATING ITSELF IN UNITED STATES.

The acceptance of young men around the age of 19 to 20 to train for officers in our new merchant marine bids fair to make history repeat itself in the command of American ships, says the *Marine Journal*. There were many instances a century, more or less, ago of our smart sailing vessels being in command of American youths who had not yet attained their majority, an example in particular being the American ship Benjamin, on a voyage from Boston bound for Calcutta, India, via the Cape of Good Hope, in 1792. This vessel was commanded by Nathaniel Silsbee, of Salem Mass., who was not yet 19 years of age at the time. This young master and embryo statesman, for he was afterward elected a United States Senator from Massachusetts, had followed the sea since he was 14, making his first voyage from Salem to Baltimore as Captain's clerk. At 23 he had accumulated a fortune and at 36 was the head of the largest American shipping house in China.

The voyage of the Benjamin was never completed, for while at Mauritius her commander received word of the breaking out of war between France and England, and he sold the Benjamin's cargo at a dazzling profit, turning the paper currency received into Spanish dollars, which increased three times in value in six months. The remainder of this fortunate voyage was equally as profitable. It extended as far as the Cape of Good Hope, and when the ship reached her home port at the end of ten months, Captain Silsbee had earned a net profit of over 100 per cent. on his ship and cargo.


INTIMATIONS

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WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel Mansions.

*Agents for*—ADMIRALTY CHARTS
ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers.
High Class English Jewellery

LIVER AIDS.

PODOPHYLLIN AND TARAXACUM PILLS
Keep the Liver Active and the System Free from Waste Matter.

THE VICTORIA DISPENSARY,
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Telephone 298.

The Wing On Co. Ltd. 永安有限公司



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UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS
Most up-to-date and Cheapest House in Hongkong
*Address:* DES VŒUX ROAD AND CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL.
*Telephone* Nos. 196 & 198

E. HING & CO.
LARGE STOCK OF SHIPBUILDING MATERIALS
viz. Steel Ship Plates, Angles and Bars.
Also Shipchandlery Articles.
Telephone No. 1116. 25, Wing Woo Street, Central.

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED)

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have over thirty years' experience. We own two Slipways and can accommodate any craft of 200 feet long.

Town Office, 48, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong. Telephone No. 459.
Shipyard: Shum-Sui-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. 9.
Estimates furnished on application.

WONG PING WA, *Manager.*

Hongkong, April 1, 1912.

PRINTING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

executed at the Offices of

THE "CHINA MAIL" LTD.,
5, *Wyndham Street.*

COMMERCIAL FORMS
SHIPPING FORMS
CIRCULARS
PAMPHLETS
ENTERTAINMENT PROGRAMMES
WINE LISTS
MENUS
INVITATION CARDS

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| TAI-KOK-TSUI | | | | | |
| Cosmopolitan Dock | 446'.0" | 86' 6" | 31' | 7' 6" | ..... |
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# SUNDAY'S CABLES

# THE WAR.

## TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

*(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)*

### ALLIED ADVANCE IN ALBANIA.

**AUSTRIANS SUFFER HEAVY LOSSES.**

ENEMY RETREATING AND BURNING DEPOTS.

LONDON, July 12.

A French Eastern communiqué states:—

South of the Devoli we are continuing our success.

We seized the whole of Kosnitz ridge and occupied all the villages in the Tomorica Valley above Dobneny, taking over 250 prisoners.

On the left the Italians captured the Cafaq Lumaka heights.

The Austrians suffered heavy losses and are retreating [illegible] ous regions south of the Semeni river and its tributary, the Devoli.

The *Figaro*, referring to its final aims, says the occupation of Albania and the advance to the north of Lake Ochrida will place the Bulgarian Army in a dangerous position.

**THE MACEDONIAN FRONT.**

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY.

LONDON, July 12.

A French Eastern communiqué states:—

Enemy artillery was greatly active on the Macedonian front, especially west of the Vardar and north of Monastir.

**FRENCH AVIATORS' PLUCK.**

331 HOSTILE MACHINES BAGGED IN JUNE.

LONDON, July 12.

A French communiqué states:—During June 150 enemy aeroplanes were brought down and 181 seriously damaged.

Over 600 tons of bombs were dropped.

**BRITISH AVIATORS BRING DOWN 13 HOSTILE MACHINES.**

LONDON, July 12.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, reporting on aviation, says:—

On the 10th we destroyed seven enemy machines and drove down six out of control. Four British machines are missing.

Heavy showers interrupted observation.

We dropped 10 tons of bombs during the day on various targets.

Rain prevented flying at night.

### AIR-RAIDS ON GERMANY.

**AMERICANS BOMB COBLENZ.**

CREWS TAKEN PRISONER BY GERMANS.

### AFFAIRS IN RUSSIA.

**CZECHO-SLOVAKS DEFEAT BOLSHEVIKS.**

BOLSHEVIKS OVERTHROWN AT IRKUTSK.

PEKING, July 11.

The Czecho-Slovaks have overthrown the Bolsheviks throughout the whole region from Tobolsk to Semiolatinsk and from Krasnovarsk to Chiliabinsk.

A correspondent confirms the fact that the Bolsheviks were also overthrown at Irkutsk.

**BOLSHEGIK C.-IN-C. COMMITS SUICIDE.**

LONDON, July 11.

The Bolshevik Government allege that General Muravieff, the Commander-in-Chief on the Tsecho-Slovak front, has committed suicide.

**SOCIAL REVOLUTIONARIES MARCH ON MOSCOW.**

ENVIRONS REACHED ALREADY.

PARIS, July 12.

### ALIEN PROBLEM AT HOME.

**DRASTIC GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS.**

A REPLY TO GERMAN OUTRAGES.

LONDON, July 12.

In the House of Commons Sir George Cave moving the second reading of the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Bill, said all the self-governing Dominions and India, with the exception of Australia, approved the draft of the Bill, but Australia indicated its assent. Its main purpose was to give wider powers to revoke naturalisation certificates. The Bill did not deal with many difficult questions in connection with the Law of Nationality, but he hoped the policy of making nationality laws would not be abandoned by Government. He proposed to refer the question to an advisory committee of experts.

Dealing with the Alien question, he agreed that the continuance of enemy outrages upon humanity must reasonably and naturally affect the viewpoint from which we approached such questions. Public opinion must be taken into account to a

### BILL PASSES SECOND READING.

LATER.

The House of Commons has passed the second reading of the Nationality Bill.

The Bill empowers the Home Secretary to revoke certificates of naturalisation where they were fraudulently obtained, and also to revoke certificates from disloyal citizens, criminals, notorious bad characters and persons who have lived abroad for seven years.

**"HANDS OFF THE PACIFIC."**

MR. HUGHES ON AUSTRALIA'S HERITAGE TO THE ISLANDS.

LONDON, July 12.

The Rt. Hon. W. M. Hughes (the Premier of Australia), at the Pilgrims' Club said Australia did not dare to assent to the Pacific Islands reverting to Germany, because Australia's safety demanded that her sea pathways be free, and whoever held the Northern Island belts commanded Australia. Germany fortified the Islands and monopolised their trade before the war, and a few more years would have seen a huge German army in the Pacific. New Guinea and the other Islands were to Australia what Boulogne and Calais were to England. The Australians laid down their lives to develop Australia's

### KUEHLMANN'S SUCCESSOR.

**VIEWS WAR AS BRITAIN VERSUS GERMANY.**

AUSTRIA REGRETS KUEHLMANN'S RESIGNATION.

LONDON, July 12.

The appointment of Admiral von Hintze as German Foreign Secretary is not yet officially confirmed, but it is now taken for granted.

A portion of the German Press emphasises that Admiral von Hintze always recognised that the war was in essence Great Britain versus Germany, and regulated his activities accordingly.

It is reported that the Majority Socialists have accepted the appointment with certain reservations.

The Austrian newspapers regret the resignation of Herr von Kuhlmann, whom they describe as the best exponent of the idea of a Moderate peace.

**FRANCE'S DAY.**

£500,000 TO BE RAISED IN LONDON.

LONDON, July 12.

France's Day will be celebrated in London by the raising of funds for the French Red Cross. There is a great

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Scalloped Pillow Cases, Sheets and Bed Quilts, Single and Double Plain and Hemstitched Sheets, Pillow Cases, White satin Quilts, Table Cloths, Pure Linen Damask Serviettes, Bath Sheets, Bath Towels, Turkish Towels, Glass Cloths.
(Full Particulars from Catalogue).
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Hongkong, July 10, 1918. 585

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As follows :—
Arm-chairs and Chesterfield Sofas (new), Card Tables, Upholstered Suites, &c., Bedroom Furniture, comprising Double and Single Brass Bedsteads, Teak Twin Bedsteads, Sideboards, Dinner Waggons, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, Tea and Occasional Tables, &c., Dinner Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, &c., Bath Room Utensils, Sundry Electro-Plated Ware.
Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, Blackwood Furniture, including large Blackwood Screen, Side Tables, Chairs, Cabinets, &c., &c., Engravings, Pictures, Kinkosan and Brass Vases, &c., &c., Tennis Poles and Net, Several Carpets new and second-hand.
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the 17th July, 1918, at 5.15 p.m., at Ah King's Slipway:
4-Ton Cruiser Yacht "ERIN"
Length ..... 26' 9"
Beam ..... 6' 9"
Draft ..... 4' 3"
Complete with Dinghy, Charts, Compass, Anchors and Chain, Code flags, &c.
Further particulars may had from the undersigned.
Terms :—as usual.
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*Auctioneers.*
Hongkong, July 8, 1918. 581

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED), on

THURSDAY,

the 18th July, 1918, at 11 a.m., at Messrs. Ho Thong Co.'s Coal Yard, Yau-ma-ti, Kowloon,

A STEAM PINNACE
Length ..... 35 feet
Beam ..... 7·8
Draft ..... 4·3½
Compound Keel condensing Engines. Diameter of Cylinders 3 by 6, Stroke 4. Recently overhauled, and a Teakwood Cabin fitted aft.
Further particulars and inspecting orders may be had from the undersigned. Launch to convey intending purchasers will leave Blake Pier at 10.30 a.m.
TERMS :—Cash.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
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Hongkong, July 10, 1918. 587

ARE YOU GETTING OLD BEFORE YOUR TIME?

Consider Your Present State.

If you feel a growing dissatisfaction with life and ill-health seems to threaten you, without the symptoms of any specific disease showing, your nerves are probably undernourished because your blood is thin.
Take a moment to examine your own case. Have you lost the ability to make a quick decision and take prompt action whenever necessary, or do you worry and hesitate in indecision and consume an undue amount of time over things that you need to do quickly? Are you prematurely old?
Don't let the arteries in your brain get hard; don't let thin blood starve your nervous system. Proper diet for the first and a good tonic such as Dr. Williams' pink pills for the second are what you need.
Thin blood is the cause of many troubles. The nerves become undernourished and neuralgia is a frequent accompaniment of anæmia. Good digestion without rich red blood is almost impossible, and sufferers from anæmia are frequently dyspeptics.
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Hongkong, June 22, 1918. 544

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Hongkong, July 8, 1918. 582

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Hongkong, June 1, 1918. 483

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Four-roomed HOUSES in Kowloon.
A SHOP in Nathan Road, Kowloon.
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Alexandra Buildings.
Hongkong, August 22, 1917.

TO LET.

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Hongkong, May 1, 1918. 380


## LONDON LETTER.

(*From Our Own Correspondent.*)

LONDON, May 24.

THE AIR WAR.

More and more the importance of air fighting is being demonstrated, and it may be that this arm may decide the final fortunes of the long conflict. At this moment the Allies have the best of it in this matter, and this is likely to be continued.

The last raid on London established a record in defensive success. For the first time the raiders were fought all the way from the Thames estuary and all thy way back to their severe discomfiture. Three were brought down on land and four over the sea, and as the raiders probably numbered not more than a score, the damage done to them, proportionately to their full strength, was grave enough to make them think. The succeeding nights were beautiful for raiding, but nothing came along, so evidently the enemy was nursing his hurts. Those who have examined one of the great Gothas brought down in Essex tell me that it was a patched-up affair, with old engines and a frame partly built of pitch pine—evidence of their shortage of suitable materials. So with our own constantly increasing air force, plus the coming American contingent, we should be able to dominate the air situation, as we have done for several months now. That does not mean that we shall not be raided in the still, warm nights that lie ahead, but it does serve as an encouraging sign that the raiders will not have it all their own way, by any means."

At one spot in England there are thousands of young men of strong nerve in training as air pilots, and they are not being selected now on any caste or family basis, nor for their knowledge of the classics, but solely on their nerve and their fighting capacity. The proportion of accepted applicants who pass the nerve tests is about twenty per cent.

THE BUSY KING.

The King continues his busy round of inspection of works and factories, stimulating the workers and impressing all who meet him as a splendid model of democratic royalty. Though the war engrosses His Majesty and the Queen more than is dreamt of by most people, they manage to mix a little hospitality with their work. Of late they have spent a considerable time at Windsor Castle, which is within easy reach of London and the Cabinet. There they have been giving "dine and sleep" parties to people prominent in the war. These visitors arrive in time to dress for dinner and meet their Royal host and hostess in the drawing room before the meal. The King is an attentive listener and is always anxious to obtain the ideas of his guests, especially those from overseas, for his world travels have impressed him with the value of the fresher ideas of those who are not too enchained by deeply-rooted precedents.

After dinner there is often a little card-playing. The King likes bridge, but Queen Mary prefers whist, so at her table it is the older game that is usually played. It is entirely in keeping with the simplicity of their lives and Her Majesty's strong opinions that there are no stakes, old-fashioned counters being used to keep the score.

Next morning the "dine and sleep" guests leave the palace after breakfast, without as a rule seeing their host or hostess. Many distinguished soldiers and administrators, including men from overseas, have been among recent visitors. Doubtless there will be a sprinkling of Americans ere long. Already more than one daytime party of Americans, visiting Windsor, have been entertained at the Castle before leaving.

THE BELATED ARTIST.

There is a comical story going the rounds in connection with the sinking of the famous warship *Vindictive* in Ostend Harbour. When the deed was done and the triumphant members of "the King's Navee" had returned to Dover, Admiral Sir Roger Keyes, the commander of the Dover patrol, was handed a telegram. It was from Sir John Lavery, the great painter, announcing that he was coming down forthwith to Dover and he hoped the Admiral would grant him facilities for painting the battered *Vindictive*. It was a good idea on his part to paint the ship that gained such honourable scars in the magnificent fight at Zeebrugge —"the greatest naval exploit" says Admiral Fournier of the French Navy, "in the history of the world"—but the artist should have been a little earlier. Now the only facility that can be granted him will be the loan of a diving costume.

WOMEN IN POLITICS.

"There is no doubt about it—women will play a great part in the coming general election in England. The principle of accepting their nominations was settled at Keighley the other day, though Miss Nina Boyle who sought to contest the seat was not allowed to go to the poll, through technical imperfections in her papers. But already we hear of several women of intellect and eloquence who will fight for entrance to Parliament—in English and Scottish constituencies. The first to be officially adopted is Miss Mary MacArthur, who will be Labour candidate for the Stourbridge division of Worcestershire. She is a bright-faced, cheerful, broad-minded woman on the right side of 40, and the wife of the Labour M.P., for a Yorkshire division, W. C. Anderson. Anyone who expects to meet in that contest a harsh-featured, haggling female will be agreeably disappointed, for Miss MacArthur (as she is still known despite her marriage), is neither a crank nor a spitfire. She is, on the contrary, genial and persuasive, and I feel sure she will give any opponent a nice run for his money. Moreover she will destroy the theory that a woman in politics must neglect her home, for she has a very tasteful home indeed in a London square and a young son on whom she lavishes the tenderest care.

Originally she came from Glasgow to earn her living as a correspondence clerk, writing fiction as well out of business hours. Then the late Lady Dilke "discovered" her and induced her to assist in developing the British Women Workers' League. Ultimately she became secretary of that organisation, which now has a membership of over a quarter of a million women, as well as of the National Federation of Women Workers, which has many thousands more under its banners. She is acknowledged to be the greatest expert on trade unionism among her sex and one of the most trusted representatives of the wage-earning women, who number in these islands about six millions.

Now it must not be supposed that she or her colleagues, of the type of Miss Margaret Bondfield, are supported by an unwashed mob of squalid malcontents. The Labour party to-day includes aristocrats, intellectuals, ecclesiastical notables, peers, and even peeresses. Only the other day we had the Countess of Warwick supporting the nationalisation of the land of the country, though she declared that by so doing she was committing social *hari-kiri*. The war has brought many changes, and one is a wonderful development of interest in the Labour movement and a tendency to regard that party in the House of Commons as better fitted to reform some pressing anomalies due to bureaucracy or any other traditional barnacles than the older parties of the State.

SOLDIERS' EMBROIDERY.

The decision to widen the scope of Lady Londonderry's Women's Legion, has led also to the changing of the name to the War Service Legion. Among their new activities is the training of disabled men in embroidery in gold and silver for naval and military uniforms. This work the disabled men pick up with amazing readiness, thereby deriving physical, mental and financial betterment.

The work has, indeed, progressed so famously that the men are not all limiting themselves to officers' uniforms. Some of them are doing fine embroidery on women's dress materials and doing it equal to the best hitherto turned out by feminine fingers.

Another organisation, working on similar lines, the Women's Guild of Arts, has just held an exhibition of such work in London at which the exhibits astonished all critics. There was one remarkable bedspread of white linen, elaborately and most delicately worked by a sailor patient in the Endell-street Hospital, which is run entirely by women, while a soldier who had never before held a needle until he arrived in hospital turned out a perfect Red Cross badge in scarlet and gold. A miner embroidered the scene familiar to his mind as he used to come from the pit—the flaming sun low in the blue, cloud-flecked sky, the distant hills and a cottage in green meadows.

FOOD RESERVES.

One thing is certain—the food reserves and money reserves of the Allies are far superior to those of the enemy. This is telling heavily, and the stories that are coming through from Germany and Austria are in sharp contrast with the circumstances in which we are living. We are on rations, and many things we were wont to buy for a few pence are no longer within the range of shillings, but for all that we are not really short of the wherewithal to live, and in some things we are rather overprovided. The rationing of meat, for instance, and the growing dominion over the submarine menace have resulted in a glut of frozen meat in the country at this moment, and the difficulty is to know what to do with it for the best. There is also a great supply of bacon. On these two commodities ration regulations are now somewhat relaxed and in many cases, where there is no danger of the bacon deteriorating, no coupons are demanded at all. So that at the time of writing few families who want it are lacking a full allowance of meat.

Early in July we are to have ration books, covering all our supplies in place of our present multiplicity of cards, and it is probable that the books will allow us a general increase in rations. That in itself, contrasted with the German lowering of allowances, is a sufficient indication of the way the war is going.

Some interesting additions to recognised meat supplies are now in use. While the Americans are drawing on Alaska for whale meat, we are now eating Irish kid meat, and those who have tasted the latter are loud in their praise of it. They declare these young kids from Ireland are a cross between venison and hare in flavour and the meat is equally good cooked "en casserole" or roasted.

TRAVEL RESTRICTIONS.

Because of the rush of aliens out of London to escape air raids, and the consequent discomfort of regular residents in desirable districts, power has been given to the railway companies to limit the issue of season tickets and to make them for longer terms and at higher rates. It is said that this measure has already lessened the sheer discomfort of travelling to Brighton and other south coast resorts whither the highly-paid alien war workers were going and coming night and morning in maledorous crowds.

They have also swarmed down upon some of the riverside resorts, but I hear from the places on the upper reaches of the Thames that the river has never been so beautiful, and apart from the haunts of these "bomb dodgers," it is more select than ever, for the public generally are limiting their travelling from necessity, quite apart from company regulations. But the fact remains that the train services are forty per cent. less than last year, and astonishingly less than 1914, so that for those who do go on long journeys the comfortable stages are few and far between.


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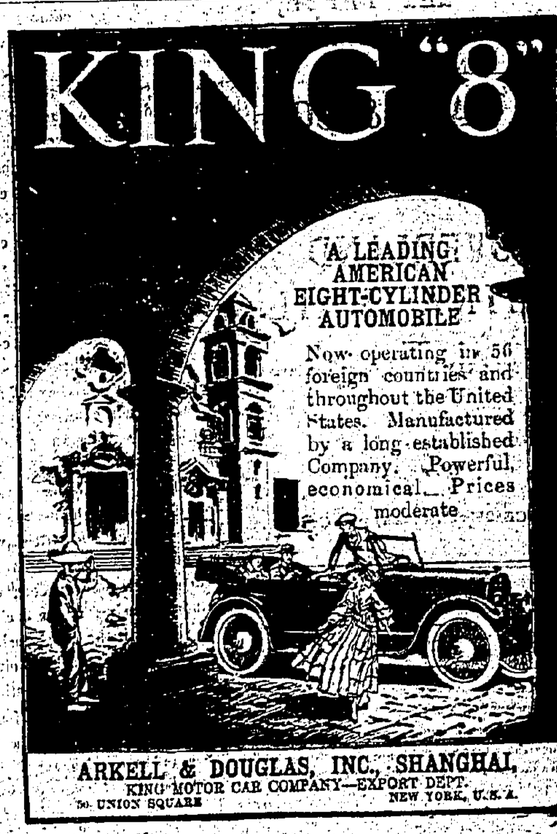
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SATURDAY,

the 20th July, 1918, at 10.30 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vœux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,

LADIES' DRESS MATERIAL, &c., Comprising:—

Lawn, Holland, White Drill, Figured Prints, Alpaca, Table Cloths, Serviettes, Towels, Sheets, Counterpanes, White and Coloured Blankets, Lady's and Gent.'s Handkerchiefs, White and Blue Serge, Several dozen pairs Ladies' Silk Hose.

*Also*

A quantity of FRENCH PERFUME.

Terms:—Cash.

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*Auctioneers.*

Hongkong, July 15, 1918. 594


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THE WEEKLY EDITION OF THE "CHINA MAIL".

CONTAINS ALL THE NEWS OF THE WEEK.

PRICE 25 cts. (cash) per Copy.



THE 'CHINA MAIL.'

NOTICE.

Communications relating to news should be addressed to THE EDITOR.

Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with any communication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.

All matter for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Letters relating to business should be addressed to THE MANAGER.

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Alterations and additions to Advertisements on Pages 2, 3, 6, and 7 should be sent to the Office, No. 5, Wyndham Street, not later than 11 30 a.m.

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THE CHINA MAIL COMPANY.


# The China Mail.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, July 15, 1918.

## THIS YEAR OR NEXT?

THE great German offensive on the Western Front seems a long time coming, and when one reads that the Germans have had to send thirty-five Divisions into Ukraine and that a situation is developing further north in Russia, which will require the diversion of more German troops it looks as though the advantage of concentration on which the Germans have been counting is being gradually weakened. On the other hand, the Allied concentration is daily gathering strength, and Mr. LLOYD GEORGE, who has always expressed himself confident, said the other day that he has never felt so confident as he does to-day. It is generally felt to be no longer a question of whether the Allied armies are going to emerge victorious from the struggle; it is only a question of when. It is also coming to be generally felt that the day of victory is not very remote. A few months ago when the Germans were making their tremendous drives, expert observers while confident as ever of the final result counselled us not to be impatient about it, and not to expect it this year. Mr FRANK SIMMONDS, one of the leading American expert writers on the war, succinctly stated the considerations in the following paragraph:—"Peace this year can only be had under one of three conditions: First, that the Allies are beaten completely and beyond rallying in the present campaign and as a result of the German offensive. Secondly, that the Allies are able, having parried the German attack, to take the offensive themselves and do what the French and British were unable to do at the Marne—namely, transform a battle-field success, won in a counter-offensive, into a decisive victory. Thirdly, if the people behind the line, the civil populations, either of the Allied or of the enemy nations, collapse and compel the military forces to abandon a struggle which in the field has so far been indecisive." Mr. SIMMONDS shares with many others—or did at the time he wrote—the view that General FOCH'S problem is to hold the Germans this year, imposing as great casualties as possible, and losing as few men as possible, that there may be a campaign of 1919. "He must come to the end of this year's campaign with at least as many reserves in hand as the Germans to avoid disaster; he may hope to have a slight superiority but not a superiority warranting a major offensive in October, after he and HINDENBURG have both lost from a million to a million and a half in the struggles that are bound to come." But these observations were evidently based on data available in the month of April. The marvellous acceleration which has since taken place in the despatch of American troops to France, not to mention the dispersion of German strength which recent developments in Russia has demanded, combine to give General FOCH a superiority which he could not, perhaps, have confidently counted upon two months ago. Moreover, it is by no means unlikely that the advance of the Allies in Albania will create a situation in the Balkans that may bring the enemy alliance to a speedy collapse. At all events the general situation would seem to be rapidly changing in such a way that an offensive by General FOCH in the late autumn can hardly be counted as unlikely. When that stage is reached in the war, we shall probably be hearing at the same time of further vigorous offensives in Italy, Palestine, Mesoptamia and in the Balkan Theatre, and the probability is that the collapse of the enemy resistance will be well in sight.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

### LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Three Chinese firms in Bangkok have suspended payment.

The investiture of Khan Sahib Hashim Khan is to take place at Government House on Tuesday, July 23rd.

Dr. Lionel Street, of the American Medical firm of Ransom and Street, Shanghai, is shortly leaving for America where he will volunteer his services for medical or surgical war work in France.

The Y.M.C.A. has been campaigning at Shanghai to raise $250,000 for a Y.M.C.A. hotel. The campaign closed last week with $116,037.11 collected, but a Committee is to continue the effort until October.

The following appears in "The Times" of 7th May:—"Mr. Robert Keith Douglas aged 43, of Tientsin, China, who died at sea, grandson of the late Lord William Robert Keith Douglas, estate in the United Kingdom £25,484."

Mr. H. Toussaint and Mrs. R. C. Farbridge, defeating Capt. E. I. M. Barrett and Mrs. P. Enticknap in straight sets, 6-2 and 6-1, won the finals in the Shanghai Lawn Tennis Association mixed doubles at the French Club last week.

A burglary took place at a house on No. 54 Ko Shing Street last night. The occupier of the house has reported that between 12 midnight and 6 o'clock this morning, some person or persons broke into the house through the trap door in the roof. The safe was forced open and about $1,700 in cash stolen, as well as jewellery and clothing, the total value being estimated at $1,716.

A farewell Whist Drive and Social was held in the Sergeants Mess, H.K.S. Bn. R. G. A. on the departure of Company Qr. Mr. Sergeant L. Ross. A large party of friends attended and a most enjoyable evening was spent. Prizes for the Whist Drive were provided through the generosity of the Services Entertainment Fund. The winners were: Ladies, 1st Prize, Mrs. S. M. Tatron; 2nd, Mrs. Davidson. Gents, 1st, C. Q. M. Holey and, Mr. Gr. Bradley. The members of the Mess desire to thank the subscribers to the S. E. F. for the kind assistance given on this occasion.

### A DOUBLE SUICIDE.

Chung Foo Chi, master of the Hok Kee shop at San Wui, Castle Peak Bay, reports that his wife aged 19, and his brother's wife aged 17 committed suicide by drowning in a pond near Chung Yuk Ching village, at Kinshan, during the night of the 11th instant. Their bodies were recovered by the villagers. The two young women were clasped in each other's arms. Both were dressed in their best clothes and wore their jewellery.

The total output of the Kailan Mining Administration's mines for the week ending 29th July amounted to 62,978 tons and the Sales during the period, to 62,768 tons.


DON'T NEGLECT YOUR FAMILY.

WHEN you fail to provide your family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy at this season of the year, you are neglecting them, as bowel complaint is sure to be prevalent, and it is too dangerous a malady to be trifled with. This is especially true if there are children in the family. A dose or two of this remedy will place the trouble within control and perhaps save a life, or at least a doctor's bill. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.


## CHINESE AFFAIRS.

[*The "Chinese Mail" Service.*]

### STILL NEEDING MONEY.

PEKING, July 13.

The Government's military expenses this month exceed by ten million dollars the sum available.

The Premier has authorised the Minister of War to go on with the negotiations for loans, saying that he would accept responsibility for them.

### ANOTHER SINO-JAPANESE IRON WORKS PROJECT.

PEKING, July 13.

It is reported that the Government proposes to negotiate with Japan for a loan of $100,000,000 for the purpose of establishing another big iron works, under the joint management of Chinese and Japanese. All products are to be sold by the Japanese.

## THE MAGISTRACY.

### ALLEGED THEFT OF TYPE.

A Chinese employed as a compositor at Messrs. Kelly & Walsh was charged before Mr. J. R. Wood this morning, with stealing a quantity of printers' type valued at $50.

Mr. J. H. Gardiner appeared for the defendant.

His Worship remanded the case until next week.

Defendant's mother was also charged with receiving the stolen type.

This case was also remanded until next week.

### THEFT OF CARTRIDGE CASES

The storekeeper of the Hongkong Defence Corps Headquarters was charged along with another man with the larceny of 36 lbs. of cartridge cases from the stores.

Inspector O'Sullivan said the second defendant was carrying a basket containing the cartridge cases across the ground in front of the Defence Corps Headquarters when he was noticed by Lieut. Higby, who stopped him. The basket was examined and was found to contain cartridge cases. When asked where he got them the man said the storekeeper gave him the basket to carry; he did not know what it contained.

The first defendant pleaded guilty. He said he wanted the cartridge cases to be melted down and made into a copper pan for boiling water. He admitted having told the other defendant to carry them for him.

Lieut. Higby said the storekeeper had a very good record. He had been employed in that position for three and a half years and had given every satisfaction. He was a most excellent man and did his work very well indeed.

After further evidence, His Worship sentenced the defendant to six weeks' hard labour. The other man was discharged.

### A WOULD-BE SUICIDE.

A Chinese was charged with attempting to commit suicide, before Mr. J. R. Wood, this morning.

It was stated that the coxswain of a Post Office launch saw the man deliberately jump off the Praya wall into the harbour, on Saturday night.

The manager of the Canton Nanyang Brothers' Tobacco Co., who was present in Court, said the defendant who was an employee of the firm had been a little off his mind lately.

His Worship remanded the case until next week ordering the defendant to be kept under medical supervision.

### RUBBER MANUFACTURES IN CHINA.

Mr. A. W. Ferrin, Acting United States Commercial Attache, Peking, states it is probable that the manufacture of rubber tyres and other rubber articles will begin in China very shortly. While the condition of Chinese roads does not promise any immediate great expansion of the automobile market outside the principal cities, the vast number of jinrikshas will provide a good market for pneumatic tires. Practically all rikishas are now equipped with pneumatics. Peking is said to have more than 15,000 rikshas in operation, and the number in Shanghai is hardly less. Hankow has 2,000. Shanghai is now well supplied with motor cars, for the roads in the municipal settlement and for a considerable distance outside are admirable; and Tientsin and Peking are taking a lot of cars, the number of which will be greatly increased when the new model highway between Peking and Tientsin is finished. But a bigger market for rubber manufactures lies in the demand for footwear. About $500,00 worth of rubber goods are now imported into China annually, and a factory which could supply a fair quality shoes at a reasonable price would be assured of a steady patronage.

In a United States shipping yard recently the keel of a cruising destroyer was laid and the entire skeleton raised in the first 24 hours in a race to reduce the construction record from four months to one month.

## THE SUPREME COURT.

### THE ADMINISTRATION CASE.

### JUDGMENT AGAINST CLAIMANTS.

In the Supreme Court, this morning, Sir William Rees Davies, K.C., Chief Justice, delivered judgment in the case in which an appeal for the decision of the Court was made to decide whether the eldest son of a deceased intestate father is entitled to a double share of deceased's property.

Prior to his Lordship delivering judgment, Mr. Eldon Potter, for the defendant, said he would ask His Lordship to note the following six points:—One is that we have proved by the general customary law of the common laws of China that we are entitled to a larger share. The second point is that we have established that the only definite evidence as to amount is that we are entitled to a double share. The third point is that once we have established a *prima facie* case that by the general customary law or common law of China we are entitled to a larger share the onus is then on the other side to prove to the contrary on the question of that general law. The fourth point is that it is known that the testator has, by his will, clearly indicated that he desired his property, other than ancestral property, of course, to be divided in the way we contend for. The fifth point is what is so bequeathed by the testator as his ancestral funds must not be treated by this court as completely divested of all the incidence attaching to the ancestral funds either as to succession or division.

His Lordship: As far I know we have heard no argument to the contrary.

Continuing Mr. Potter said the sixth point was that it therefore followed that the ancestral property must be divided according to the testator's expressed intention, *i.e.* two shares to the defendant and one share each to the other branches.

His Lordship, delivering judgment, said the question he had to decide was whether the eldest son or his representative was entitled to a larger share, in the event created by the intestacy, than the younger sons and their descendants. "The eldest son alleges that he is entitled to two shares as distinct from the other brothers' one share or, at any rate, to a larger share, and he claims that he is entitled to this by the custom or the common law of China. The onus is therefore clearly placed on him to establish his right. It is proved on the evidence before me that the custom varies in the different villages of the province. I am satisfied from the evidence I have taken in Court from Mr. Lau Chu Pak that the only means by which I can settle the question would be by reference, in the first place, to the elders of the deceased's village. I, therefore, proposed to Counsel that I should refer certain questions which I handed to Counsel, to the elders of the village. On the report reaching me, Counsel would have an opportunity of arguing the case further in the light of that report. Counsel for the younger brothers acceded to my proposal, but Mr. Potter was instructed by his client not to assent to it. My proposal thus being nugatory, I informed Mr. Potter in Chambers that I had not sufficient evidence before me to decide in favour of the eldest son's alleged rights and I called on him to put forward such further evidence as he might be able to obtain. I further intimated that if further evidence is not forthcoming I should dismiss the claim. I understand that he is not in a position to put forward any other evidence and I may add that the affidavit of one of the village elders already before me is against the alleged custom. I hold that the claim fails and that the property must be divided amongst the respective branches in equal shares. Costs of all parties, as is arranged between the solicitors, will come out of the estate."

### HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

Orders issued by Mr. F. C. Jenkin, D.S.P. (R.).

POLICE SCHOOL.

The examination results for Nos. 4 and 5 Platoons are posted at Headquarters Club.

Sergt. 548 Baptista is the only one who "Passed with Credit."

PARADES, CENTRAL 5.30 P.M.

UNIFORM, HELMETS AND SPIKES.

Tuesday, July 16th.—No. 3 Company.
Wednesday, July 17th.—No. 1 Section.
Thursday, July 18th.—No. 2 Platoon.
Friday, July 19th.—No. 2 Section at Water Police Station at 5.15 p.m.

DEPARTMENTAL ORDERS.

The new D. O. Book is in force as from this date.

By Order,

T. F. HOUGH,
A.S.P. (R.) and Adjutant.

## ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE.

### FAREWELL PRESENTATIONS TO MR. BRITTON.

The warden and students of St. Stephen's College were "At Home" on Saturday to wish Mr. F. A. Britton, Assistant Master, good-bye on leaving to join His Majesty's Forces. The occasion was also marked by the annual distribution of prizes to the scholars and presentations to Mr. Britton. A very enjoyable programme was provided. Archdeacon Barnett, in presenting Mr. Britton with a cheque from the Council and with a silver coffee and tea set, a travelling trunk and several other presents, from the masters and pupils of the College, said the College would lose an earnest friend in Mr. Britton who had been associated with the institution for six years. He had dug out Mr. Britton at Oxford six years ago. He recalled the fact that the College had given four of its members to the Army.

Rev. Mr. Hewitt characterised Mr. Britton's going as a great loss to the College and said that Mr. Britton had shown his loyalty to the College by remaining at his post so long when his desire was to be at the Front.

Mr. Britton thanked the donors sincerely for these tokens of their esteem and expressed a hope that he would return to Hongkong and to the College when the war was over.

In his annual report, the Rev. E. W. Hewitt, Headmaster of the School, said the students had suffered in their studies from changes in the staff, especially those in the upper school. For instance, the matriculation form have had three teachers in their English set book, and one of them had to leave Hongkong for military duties about a month before their important examination. "Naturally this change hindered progress. But as it was due to reasons connected with the war, they must all bear it with patience and do their best to make progress in their studies despite these drawbacks."

The College was about to suffer a great loss by Mr. Britton's departure, and, at the same time, Mr. T. T. Wong and Rev. K. Lee were leaving them. It would not be easy to fill their places, but their best wishes would go with them.

Mr. Wong was going to America for further post-graduate study and Mr. Green was also ceasing to teach.

From Canada a Mr. Harrington is coming to take Mr. Britton's place as resident master, and he hoped that they would be able to get locally a European teacher in Mr. Green's place. Then Mr. Li King Hong, B.A., and Mr. Cheung Sun Wing, B.A., both graduates of the University and old boys, were joining their staff. Mr. Li King Hong was a master there before. He looked forward, therefore, to a year of good strong work, and he hoped that the College would not suffer so much from the coming and going of teachers as they had done this year.

### EVADING MILITARY DUTY.

### INGENIOUS ATTEMPT TO FIND A "DOUBLE."

An attempt to find his "double," and thus to evade military service, ended disastrously for George Hayes, of Eastbourne, aged 43, at the Liverpool Police Court.

Hayes, who for 20 years was secretary and manager of the Eastbourne Pier Co., was sentenced to 12 weeks' imprisonment in the second division for having been concerned in an attempt to personate George Hayes Hayes, of Liverpool, to connive at making a false statement in order to prevent the defendant being called up for military service. Winifred Gertrude Haughton, aged 30, of Eastbourne, was also fined £30 in connection with the affair.

It was explained that Hayes persuaded Haughton to go to Liverpool and obtain the birth certificate of a man named George Hayes, who was over 50 years of age. She was instructed to search the local directory, and if unsuccessful to go to Blackpool or Dublin. She found in Liverpool a boilermaker named George Hayes, who was 51 years of age, and offered to buy his birth certificate, but he indignantly refused. Haughton received £20 from Hayes, who had £170 in his possession when he was arrested.

For Hayes it was pleaded that he had worked very hard for wounded soldiers.

## THE MILITARY SERVICE TRIBUNAL.

### TO-DAY'S CASES.

The following cases came before the General Military Service Tribunal this afternoon:—

THE HONGKONG UNIVERSITY.

Messrs. F. A. Redmond, K. Bingsley, H. G. Earle, H. Digby, G. E. Morley and J. D. Wright, had been passed as medically fit.

Dr. Jordan appeared on behalf of the University as pro-Vice-Chancellor.

The Chairman said the Tribunal had received a memorandum on the position of the work of the University written by the Vice-Chancellor, Sir Charles Eliot, and signed by Dr. Jordan and by the Deans of the three faculties of Arts, Engineering and Medicine. He very much regretted that Sir Charles Eliot could not be present, but he understood that he was obliged to go to Peking to interview the Chinese Minister of Education with regard to a scheme for the training in the University here of Chinese teachers for the Chinese Government schools. They had just heard that arrangements had been completed for 20 Chinese teachers to come to the Colony. The memorandum put it to the Tribunal that the University's work is of a highly important character, and of Imperial value. The Vice-Chancellor put it that recently the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce made representations to the Hongkong Government and to the British Legation in Peking that our commercial interests in China materially suffer from a deficiency, in their opinion, of British Education, and urged the maintenance of schools and universities in China. The Vice-Chancellor also says that the University was founded largely by Chinese subscriptions and that many students—at present 97—are sent and their fees paid by the Provincial Governors of China, for which reason, he puts it to the Tribunal that to impair the University would involve a breach of the arrangements with the Chinese authorities. The Vice-Chancellor also makes a distinction between the position of this University and that of Oxford and Cambridge and other Universities in England; the latter, he said, are practically closing during the war because of the absence of the students, who have gone to the front, whereas in Hongkong the present summer matriculation entries were the largest in the history of the University. On these grounds the Vice-Chancellor put it to the Tribunal that Imperial interests as well as the essential interest of the Colony required that all six men now before the Tribunal should be absolutely exempt.

Dr. Jordan said he entirely agreed with the remarks of the Vice-Chancellor.

The Chairman said the University's pre-war whole-time staff was 15 European professors. It was now 12, and two demonstrators. One man had left for military service. The Vice-Chancellor also emphasised the point that there had been a great growth in the work of the University during the war. It only started work in the autumn of 1912 and there had been a proportional increase in the work.

Professor Middleton Smith also emphasised the importance of what the Vice-Chancellor had written.

Major Morgan urged non-exemption in the cases of Mr. Redmond and Dr. Earle.

The Tribunal decided that upon Imperial grounds, all six men should be exempted.

MESSRS. J. T. SHAW & CO.

Mr. T. S. Rapley asked for one month's exemption. The Chairman said certain domestic matters would be arranged if Mr. Rapley would see Mr. Fletcher. He would be given one month's exemption in order to settle these matters.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

Mr. Wilke was not exempted and Mr. Donnithorne was granted two months' exemption.


CAUSES AND CURE FOR DIARRHŒA.

OVEREATING, a change in the temperature, unripe fruit, and impure water are some of the causes of diarrhœa. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy cures these bowel disturbances promptly. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

# TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

### SUCCESSFUL MINOR ENTERPRISES.

LONDON, July 13.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

English and Australians, yesterday, carried out successful minor enterprises in the neighbourhoods of Vieux Berquin and Merris, taking 96 prisoners and a few machine-guns.

Our casualties in this sector in the past two days have been exceptionally light.

We raided northward of Hamel, taking 22 prisoners.

We repulsed a raid northward of Meteren.

Hostile artillery is active opposite Beaumont Hamel and in the St. Ravaele and Loore sectors.

### BRILLIANT ATTACK BY FRENCH.

LONDON, July 13.

A French communiqué says:—

Our troops this morning carried out a brilliant attack on a front of five kilometres between Cartel and north of Mailly-Raineval. All the objectives were secured, including the capture of the village of Cartel, Anchin Farm and a number of strongly organised spinneys.

The advance at some places was two kilometres deep.

We took over 500 prisoners.

### THE WEEK'S AERIAL ACTIVITIES.

#### SERIOUS DAMAGE IN GERMANY.

LONDON, July 12.

The week's war in the air has been remarkably successful.

It includes fourteen separate British raids into Germany with the loss of two aeroplanes against four of the enemy brought down. Despite the new formidable enemy squadrons told off to reinforce the defences, the raids are increasingly hampering the German power of offence and manœuvre owing to the serious damage inflicted on munition factories and the network of railways from the Rhine to the front. Germany has been forced to divert an ever-increasing amount of the energy of trained manpower and material to defend the Rhineland. The interruption of war work is an increasingly serious problem.

Forty-eight tons of bombs were dropped on Germany during May and 61 tons during June.

### ENEMY SUBJECTS IN CHINA.

#### BRITISH GOVERNMENT CONSIDERING THE MATTER.

LONDON, July 13.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Balfour stated that the whole question of enemy subjects in China was being considered. The object of the restrictions on enemy subjects in the British concession of Shameen was to prevent them carrying on business. If any Member of the House thought they were still carrying on business he would be glad to have the information.

### THE CHINA-INDIAN OPIUM TRADE.

#### BRITISH GOVERNMENT WILL PREVENT RESUMPTION.

LONDON, July 14.

In the House of Commons, replying to Sir J. D. Rees, Mr. Balfour stated that the Government would take all possible means to prevent the resumption of the China-Indian opium trade if any attempt is made to revive it. He understood that the opium combine was a private association of importers of opium in Shanghai which regulated the price of landed stocks of Indian opium.

### THE ROYAL SILVER WEDDING.

#### A PRESENT FROM THE WOMEN OF INDIA.

LONDON, July 13.

H.M. The Queen, in reply to an inquiry by Lady Chelmsford, has signified her willingness to receive a present from the women of India in commemoration of her Silver Wedding in the form of a fund for promoting the education of children of Indian soldiers who have fallen in the war. The gift will be devoted to scholarships for higher education, and it is hoped to extend the endowment to the territories of the Princes and Chiefs and to make special provision for the daughters of fallen soldiers.

### ACTIVITIES ON THE MURMAN COAST.

#### TO RESIST THE GERMAN ADVANCE.

LONDON, July 13.

Regarding recent reports of the doings on the Murman coast it can now be stated that the Allies are taking measures to protect that coast in co-operation with the local population who are determined to resist the German advance.

The Allies' forces were sent upon the request of the Russians themselves.

It is understood the situation in Siberia is distinctly favourable to the Allies.

### BRITISH BANK AMALGAMATIONS.

LONDON, July 13.

The Treasury has approved of the amalgamation of the London City and Midland and London Joint Stock Banks.

### FOOD SHORTAGE IN PETROGRAD.

#### CHOLERA INCREASING.

LONDON, July 12.

A wireless Russian official message says:—

Owing to the food shortage, cholera is increasing in Petrograd. There are many hundreds of victims daily and it will be very difficult to carry on till the harvest.

Councils in the corn provinces have been urged to speed up the despatch of food to Petrograd.

### THE NEW GERMAN CHANCELLOR.

#### A GAIN FOR THE ALLIES.

LONDON, July 13.

Newspapers in London consider the appointment of Admiral von Hintze as a distinct gain for the Allies as Dr. von Kuehlmann's policy of compromise was more dangerous because more feasible than the reactionary idea of crushing the Allies.

#### UNEASINESS IN HOLLAND.

A telegram from Amsterdam says the uneasiness in Holland due to von Hintze's appointment is reflected by a fall in almost all securities on the Amsterdam and Rotterdam stock exchanges.

### A TRIUMPH FOR THE TIRPITZ CLIQUE.

AMSTERDAM, July 12.

The *Berliner Tageblatt* says:—

Despite all official assurances to the contrary, Admiral von Hintze's appointment is a triumph for the von Tirpitz clique and will be recognised as such at home and abroad.

### ANTI-JEWISH ATTITUDE IN AUSTRIA.

#### JEWS ADVISED TO JOIN ENTENTE.

LONDON, July 12.

The *Israelitisches Tageblatt*, in view of the anti-Jewish attitude of the Austrian Government, urges the Austrian Jews to abandon their neutrality and go over to the Entente, which supports Jewish interests.

### THE GREEK ARMY.

#### NEW CHIEF OF STAFF A FRENCHMAN.

ATHENS, July 12.

General Gramat of the French Army has been appointed Chief of Staff of the Greek Army.

### THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, July 14.

Messrs. Samuel, Montagu and Company's report says:—

The tone of silver is good. The price is unchanged. Shanghai exchange has hardened to 11/9. [14/9] It is reported that purchases on account of China have been made in the United States.

LATER.

The Silver Market is quiet.

China is reported to be buying in America.

### TO AMERICAN MEN OF 21.

On June 4th General Crowder, provost-marshal, at Washington issued the following address to the men of twenty-one who were to register on the 5th:—

"On the 5th day of June, 1917, just one year ago to-morrow, occurred one of the most memorable events in the history of democratic institutions.

"On that day ten million self-governed young Americans marched quietly to the polls, and in a voice that was heard around the world registered their invincible determination to preserve for themselves and their posterity the blessings of the liberty with which they have been so richly endowed.

"A year has passed. Many of these men are now on the battlefields of France, and to-morrow, the 5th of June, that voice will have found its echo when one million more will rally to their support.

"The nation is engaged in a struggle for its existence. Our activities have been diverted from the normal peace-time channels, and the energy of those who remain at home is being directed, more closely every day, towards the accomplishment of the things upon which our armies must depend, and without which success is impossible.

"Every American must do his duty in this great crisis, even though he remains at home. Those who are of such an age and condition in life that they may, without detriment to the economic support of the Army, actively oppose themselves against the enemy on the European battlefields are indeed privileged.

"Most of the men who register to-morrow will be classified, and I have no hesitancy in predicting that their services will win for them the undying affection of a proud and grateful nation."

### MISUNDERSTOOD.

#### THE C.O. AND THE DEFAULTER.

A perfectly priceless army story is related in the *Springfield War Hospital-Gazette*. A very young subaltern, acting as C.O., had a defaulter before him charged with overstaying his leave. The subaltern awarded the defaulter "ten days' C.B.," but, on being told by the Regimental-Sergeant-Major that this was too much, reduced the sentence to seven days. The "Regimental," again protested that the sentence was too severe, and on the subaltern asking how much he should give the man, was told, "Two days' pay, sir." Whereupon he said to the defaulter, "Here's half a crown; but look here, my man, next time you do it, you damn well won't get anything."

### CANTON BRITISH WAR CONTRIBUTIONS.

A further sum of £610 subscribed by British Residents in Canton has been remitted to London during May, June and July as undernoted:—

| | |
|---|---|
| Arethusa and Chichester Training Ships | £23 |
| British Red Cross Society | 25 |
| Mesopotamia Comforts Fund | 50 |
| Mine Sweepers Fund | 40 |
| Officers' Families Fund | 100 |
| Prisoners of War Fund | 275 |
| Sailors' and Soldiers' Families Association | 50 |
| Y.M.C.A. Hut Funds | 45 |
| | £610 |

$300 was also transferred to British Red Cross Local Workers. Copies of the Circulars issued by the Committee with regard to War Contributions can be obtained from Mr. D. Forbes, Hon. Treas., Hongkong Bank, Canton, to whom further Donations and Subscriptions should be sent.

| | |
|---|---|
| Alexander, W. A. | $ 70.00 |
| Aumuller, H. H. | 25.00 |
| Bander, S. M. | 3.00 |
| Becke, F. G. | 60.00 |
| Bell, F. N. | 75.00 |
| Bookchund, W. | 30.00 |
| Borras, G. | 3.00 |
| Bowker, G. H. | 87.18 |
| Bray, Rev. A. H. | 15.00 |
| Canton Club, 10 per cent. on Red Chits | 93.32 |
| Canton Club Sweep | 77.30 |
| Chellaram, D. | 50.00 |
| Chotirmal, K. A. J. | 50.00 |
| C. | 30.00 |
| Crocker, J. H. | 60.00 |
| Customs Club | 239.00 |
| Darch, O. W. | 190.00 |
| Dent, H. F. | 180.00 |
| Dialdas, & Sons, M. | 30.00 |
| Dulep Singh | 10.00 |
| Foord, H. T. | 150.00 |
| Forbes, D. | 120.00 |
| Friedrichsen, F. A. | 18.00 |
| Gaff, Rev C. A. | 15.00 |
| Harris, H. P. | 30.00 |
| Herb, F. C. | 120.00 |
| Hogg, A. V. | 90.00 |
| Hooker, Dr. A. W. | 30.00 |
| Hotson, A. | 30.00 |
| Interest on C/A | 3.40 |
| Jamieson, J. W., C.M.G. | 200.00 & £25. |
| Jones, Miss A. M. | 10.00 |
| Karanjia, N. B. | 20.00 |
| Kavarana, H. S. | 20.00 |
| King's Birthday, Balance | 32.97 |
| King's Birthday, Expenses Balance | 7.42 |
| Kitching, G. U. | 60.00 |
| McEuen, D. R. | 30.00 |
| McNeur, Geo. H. | 7.50 |
| Marshall, G. N. | 75.00 |
| Martin, A. | 15.00 |
| Matheson, R. T. | 60.00 |
| Mawson, Rev. Wm. | 10.00 |
| Mehta, M. N. | 25.00 |
| Melvani & Co., P. D. | 30.00 |
| Mogra, L. R. | 20.00 |
| Muriel, H. E. | 20.00 |
| Peel, C. A. | 80.00 |
| Pohoomull Bros. | 75.00 |
| Pursumull & Co., I. | 30.00 |
| Remedios, J. V. dos | 15.00 |
| Reynolds, Dr. W. G. | 15.00 |
| Sandemann, H. E. | 60.00 |
| Shields, C. H. | 210.00 |
| Shrubsole, H. C. | 120.00 |
| Smith, H. E. | 90.00 |
| Smith, H. Staples | 150.00 |
| Smith, J. T. | 30.00 |
| Tope, Rev. S. G. | 30.00 |
| E.C.T. | 60.00 |
| Wassiamull Assomull | 75.00 |
| White, R. J. | 30.00 |
| White, H. F. | 30.00 |
| Wilson, A. G. | 30.00 |
| Wilson, Alan | 40.00 |
| Wood, E. M. | 60.00 |
| Total | $3,340.09 & £25. |

From amongst the recent letters of acknowledgment the following one from Lady Henderson dated 6th May, written on behalf of the Royal Flying Corps Hospital, shows how much even small contributions are appreciated. "Accept my heartiest thanks for your kind contribution to the funds of the Overseas Branch of this hospital. We have now a hundred patients at Shirley Park who, I can assure you, appreciate to the full the kindness of their friends from Overseas."

### ON GROWING CALLOUS.

"The death of a young man has now become so customary an event that one is sometimes surprised to find how little one is moved by it," says the *New Statesman*. Four years ago the death of a young man whom one knew seemed to alter the values of existence. It turned the human comedy into tragedy. One did not need to be his friend in order to feel the darkness, the perplexity, the sorrow of it all. In the first year of the war—in the first two years, indeed—one still felt like this. One felt it still more keenly, perhaps, for the last thought that had ever entered one's mind was that people one knew were likely to die in battle. One did not expect even soldiers to die in battle. We have no right to accept these tremendous sacrifices in order to further the mean intrigues of politicians with withered minds who cannot even conceive the possibility of a League of Nations. To use the blood and anatomy of the young for any but noble and even Utopian ends would be to write all ourselves down vampires. Utopia is, after all, not a whit more impossible to conceive than a war like the present was even five years ago.

Over 2,000,000 American soldiers and sailors, says an Exchange message, have insured to the gross amount of £2,300,000,000 against war risks with the United States Government.


### CAN YOU AFFORD THE RISK?

WERE you ever seized with a severe attack of cramp colic or diarrhœa without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy in the house? Don't take such risks. A dose or two will cure you before a doctor could possibly be called, and it never fails even in the most severe and dangerous cases. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.


### DRINK UNDER STATE CONTROL IN BRITAIN.

#### OVER £400,000,000 FOR PURCHASE.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS OF COMMITTEES.

The Committees appointed to inquire into the State purchase and control of the liquor trade in England and Wales, Scotland, and Ireland have issued their reports. These Committees were appointed in June last year, because the Government had formed the opinion that "it may shortly be necessary as an urgent war measure to assume control of the manufacture and supply of intoxicating liquors during the war and the period of demobilisation and that such control would involve the purchase after the war of the interests concerned." They were asked to report on the terms upon which those interests should be acquired, considerations of financial or general policy not being included.

The English and Scottish Committees estimate the terms of purchase as follows:—

| | |
|---|---|
| England and Wales | £350,000,000 |
| Scotland | 61,000,000 |

The Irish Committee only give materials for an estimate, and taking the three reports together the gross total appears to be somewhat more than £400,000,000, but substantially less than £500,000,000.

On general principles the three Committees came to the following conclusions:—

1. That control can only be assumed under a statutory pledge to purchase, and that the State, as form the assumption of control, should have absolute freedom of action consolidating and reorganising the trade according to its will.

"That the principle of the purchase consideration by a simple capitalisation of net profits is proper for the majority of the interests concerned.

3. That the profits to be so capitalised must be the pre-war profits, and that the effect of war conditions on profits, whether favourable or the reverse, must excluded.

4. Wholesale dealers, allied trades (subject to a special provision for maltsters) the major portion of hotels, clubs, railway refreshment rooms, theatre bars, passenger vessel bars, and dining cars, and the non-liquor part of mixed businesses to be excluded."

TERMS FOR ENGLAND.

The Committee for England and Wales recommend the establishment of a Statutory Purchasing Body, which should be empowered to call for any information from the vendors that may be necessary to enable it to estimate the value of the concerns to be purchased. They indicate purchase terms thus:

Breweries.—Fifteen years' purchase of net profits over four years, 1910-1913.

On-Licences.—Owner of house: an appropriate number of years' purchase of net rental. Beneficial lessee: proper share of capital value of fee simple value of premises.

Occupier (tied or free): (1) Chattel interest at a valuation. (2) Two years' purchase of net profit for personal goodwill of an annual tenant—more if on a lease with more than two years' unexpired term. Pensions if services not retained by State.

Off-Licences.—No interest in the premises to be acquired except in exceptional circumstances. As to occupiers: (1) Chattel interest at a valuation; (2) If on annual tenancy 2 years' purchase of net profits for goodwill; (3) If on longer term and a pre-1902 licence the number of years' purchase based on unexpired term.

PENSIONS AND COMPENSATION.

It is pointed out in the English report that if the State acquire all the breweries and all the public-houses in England and Wales a very large number of persons will lose their occupations by the closing of redundant breweries and houses, and the consequent concentration of occupations. "It is true that many, though not all, would enter or have the chance of entering the service of the State in similar capacities, but in many cases there would be a change of status, and many persons would be dispensed with altogether." Scales of compensation are therefore proposed, based in principle on Civil Service rules. Compensation, if assessed at or under £5 0, should be paid in cash.

Licence holders trading on their own account, with their wives and families employed for their whole time in the business, should be compensated for loss of employment—the licence holders pensions at one-half Civil Service rates and wives and families gratuities of one week's pay each year of continuous employment in the licensed trade. Whole time employees on the wages list who are disemployed are also recommended for gratuities of a week's pay for each year of continuous employment.

DISTILLERIES.

The English Committee make no recommendations as to distilleries pending the Scotch and Irish reports. The Scotch Committee recommend seven years' purchase of the 1911-13 profits, and the Irish Committee 12 years' purchase of the 1910-14 profits.

As regards Scotland, the rights of local option after 1920, under the Scottish Temperance Act of 1913, have influenced the report of the committee. The committee recommend for breweries eight years' purchase (based on present conditions) of the net profits for 1911-13, covering all the assets of Scottish breweries except stocks.

PURCHASE STOCK.

The English Committee in their report say that the purchase consideration should be satisfied by the creation and allotment of a special inscribed stock redeemable at the option of the Government after 20 years. This stock should be secured in the first instance on the surplus revenues of the aggregate acquired concerns and their assets, and further by way of guarantee as to interest upon the Consolidated Fund. A suitable sinking fund should be provided out of the surplus revenues of the acquired concerns, after payment of the interest.

Final results of the Portuguese elections are:—House of Representatives—106 Republicans, 39 Monarchists, 3 Catholics. Senate—67 Republicans, 7 Monarchists, 3 Catholics.

"The German military leaders have only one aim, namely, victory over the enemy armies. If these are decisively beaten, the Germans can occupy Calais, Amiens, Paris or any other places they want, but if the enemy armies are still capable of fighting, the possession of all these places would be of no avail."—The military critic of the *Berliner Tageblatt*.

### AMERICAN RELIEF MISSION TO PERSIA.

#### RECEPTION BY HONGKONG PARSEES.

The local Parsee community gathered at the Hongkong Hotel on Saturday afternoon to hear a lecture by Professor A. V. W. Jackson, of Columbia University, who is at the head of an American Commission proceeding to Persia for the relief of the famine-stricken who number hundreds of thousands. The American Red Cross has contributed G.$200,000 to the Armenian and Syrian Relief Committee, a portion of which is now to be spent in Persia.

Professor MIDDLETON SMITH, who presided, said in the course of a few introductory remarks that he was convinced that one great result of the war would be that Europe would realise that there were great spiritual forces operating in America. (Applause.)

Professor JACKSON explained the objects of his Mission to Persia, and expressed his gratification at being unexpectedly invited to address the Parsees of Hongkong. He emphasised the many points of resemblance between the Zoroastrian religion and Judaism and Christianity. The ethics of the Zoroastrian religion might be summed up in the doctrine "good thoughts, good words, good deeds." The lecturer traced the outlines of the historic changes in Persia and the events leading to the exodus of Zoroastrians to India. He referred to the philanthropic institutions founded by the Parsees in India, and in Hongkong he learnt that a Parsee merchant provided the money for the foundation of the Hongkong University.

Mr. RUTTONJEE expressed the gratitude of the local Parsee community to Professor Jackson and, in moving a vote of thanks to the lecturer, said the Parsees were indebted to European scholars for philological works, which threw much light on the precepts and teachings of Zoroaster.

The Rev. Dr. T. W. Pearce also addressed the gathering.

Professor and Mrs. Jackson were presented by Miss Sethna with bouquets and tea was afterwards served.

Professor Jackson's expedition left yesterday for Persia.

### HERR VON KUEHLMANN.

Kuehlmann, the ex-German Foreign Secretary, was born in Turkey. His engagement to Germany's richest heiress (the former Fraulein "Baby" von Friedlander-Fuld) is his second marriage for money. His first wife, who died less than a year ago while he was Ambassador in Constantinople, was a Fraulein von Stumm, heiress to part of the huge fortune amassed by her late father, Baron von Stumm, the Rhenish-Westphalian steel and iron magnate. The moment is appropriate for explaining that Kuehlmann is not a "baron," as he is frequently, but mistakenly, called in England. All German noblemen with the prefix of von claim, when abroad, the "courtesy title" of baron, they are only given it in Germany itself by tradesmen and servants.

Kuehlmann's bride-to-be, who, after her separation from the English husband to whom she was married in January 1914, received Imperial permission to resume her maiden name with the prefix of "Frau," will some day inherit a fortune of £5,000,000. She is the only child of the late Silesian coal king, Privy Councillor Fritz von Friedlander-Fuld, who paid taxes in Berlin on an annual income of £300,000. The Friedlander-Fulds are Jews by birth and origin but became converts to Lutheranism to gratify social aspirations. Fuld was the maiden name of Frau von Friedlander, who was a Dutchwoman.

The Friedland-Fuld palace, adjoining the French Embassy in Pariser-Platz, Berlin, was at the height of its diplomatic glory, under its mistress's ægis, during the Moroccan crisis in 1911. The then Foreign Secretary, Herr von Kiderlen-Wachter, a bachelor, was the central figure of the political salon over which the coal king's consort presided.

Kuehlmann was 45 years old last month. He was born in Constantinople while his father was director-general of the Anatolian railway. During the war his fiancée has been a Red Cross nurse in Berlin hospitals. Mr. Gerard, the American Ambassador in Germany, speaks in "My Four Years in Germany," of having met the ex-German Foreign Secretary Zimmermann at the young Frau von Friedlander-Fuld's dinner parties.


### CRAMP, COLIC

NO need of suffering from cramps in the stomach or intestinal pains. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy never fails to relieve the most severe cases. Get it to-day, there will be no time to send for it after the attack comes on. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

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## MANILA TO HONGKONG

on or about 5th August.

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Showing:—3rd & 4th Episodes

THE STRANGE CASE OF MARY PAGE

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WEDNESDAY, 17th July—

Screening Paramount Film—5 parts

SILKS & SATINS.

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SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

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P. L. KNIGHT,
*Acting Superintendent.*

P. & O. S. N. Co's. Office.

# O. S. K.

## OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

**REGULAR SERVICES, PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.**

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

**GENOA LINE ... ... } MARSEILLES LINE** } Monthly service via Singapore, Bombay and Port Said. Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transhipment at Bombay to Company's Steamers.

**NORTH AMERICAN LINE**:—Regular fortnightly services between Hongkong and Puget Sound Ports touching at intermediate Ports in Japan.

"MANILA MARU".....Monday, 22nd July, at 3 p.m.

**SOUTH AMERICAN LINE**:—Every two months the steamer proceeding to Rio de Janeiro, Santos and Buenos Aires, via Singapore, Mauritius, Durban and Cape Town.

**BOMBAY LINE**:—Regular fortnightly service for Bombay calling at Singapore and Colombo.

**JAVA LINE**:—Monthly service for Batavia, Sourabaya and Samarang.

**AUSTRALIAN LINE**:—Monthly service between Japan and Adelaide, calling at Auckland, N.Z., Sydney and Melbourne.

**FORMOSAN LINE**:—The steamers will arrive at and depart from the **SOOCHOW WHARF**, near the Harbour Office and while the steamer is alongside the Wharf Telephone No. 76 will be fixed.

TAMSUI and KEELUNG via SWATOW and AMOY.

TAKAO via SWATOW and AMOY.

"SOSHU MARU" .....Thursday, 18th July at 9 a.m.

FOR SAILING DATES AND FURTHER PARTICULARS PLEASE APPLY TO

K. YAMASAKI, *Manager.*
No. 1, Queen's Building.

# JAVA-SAN FRANCISCO

**via SINGAPORE, MANILA, HONGKONG, JAPAN and HONOLULU**

Joint Service of the

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Next departures from HONGKONG:

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| Steamers | Tons | Sails |
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| GROTIUS | 10,000 | 26th July. |
| ORANJE | 8,000 | 9th August. |

These superior passenger-steamers have excellent accommodation for first and second class saloon passengers.—

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**Regular Service of Steamers to PACIFIC COAST.**

**For BATAVIA and SOURABAYA.**

**For SEATTLE.**

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# NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

TAKING Cargo on through Bills of Lading to **SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS** with transhipment at **CALCUTTA**, in conjunction with the

**INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.**
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| Steamer from Hongkong | on or about | Connecting at Calcutta with | On or about |
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| A steamer | Shortly | — | |

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## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LD.

**SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.**

| FOR | STEAMER | TO SAIL |
|---|---|---|
| SWATOW & SINGAPORE | CHINHUA | July 16, at 10 a.m. |
| SHANGHAI | SINKIANG | July 16, at 5 p.m. |
| SHANGHAI | SUIYANG | July 18, at 3 p.m. |
| WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN | KUICHOW | July 19, at Noon. |
| SHANGHAI | KAIFONG | July 21, Daylight. |
| SHANGHAI | SUNGKIANG | July 23, at Noon. |

SHANGHAI LINE.—PASSENGERS, MAILS and CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation Amidships; Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtsze and Northern China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transhipment at Woosung.

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# INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

**PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).**

| For | Steamer | To Sail |
|---|---|---|
| SHANGHAI | *WINGSANG*.....WED'DAY, | July 17, Daylight. |
| HAIPHONG | *TAKSANG*.....THURSDAY, | July 18, at 7 a.m. |
| MANILA | *YUENSANG*...FRIDAY, | July 19, at 3 p.m. |
| MANILA | *LOONGSANG*...FRIDAY, | July 26, at 3 p.m. |

**CALCUTTA LINE**:—This line is temporarily disorganized owing to the war, but at present a monthly service is maintained with Calcutta by the s.s. "Kwaisang" and "Vitim," calling at Singapore and Penang. The former vessel has excellent passenger accommodation, is fitted with Electric Light and Fans, and carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

**SINGAPORE LINE**:—The s.s. "Van Waerwijck" leaves for Singapore approximately every fortnight. This vessel has excellent accommodation for first class passengers, and is fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans and also carries a fully qualified Surgeon.

**SHANGHAI LINE**:—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow.

Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation and through tickets can be obtained for Northern and Yangtsze Ports via Shanghai. Through Bs/Lading are issued to all Northern and Yangtsze Ports.

**MANILA LINE**:—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation; sailings from both ports every Friday.

**HAIPHONG LINE**:—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Hoihow when inducement offers.

**BORNEO LINE**:—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer having up-to-date accommodation for passengers.

Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Kudat, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawao and Lahad Datu.

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Under Straits Government Passport Regulations. All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits Settlements, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

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|---|---|---|
| HAIHONG ... | Capt. J. W. Evans..... | FRIDAY, 19th July at 1 p.m. |
| HAITAN ..... | Capt. A. E. Hodgins..... | TUESDAY, 23rd July at 1 p.m. |

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# SUNDAY'S CABLES

# THE WAR.

## TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

*(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)*

### ALLIED ADVANCE IN ALBANIA.

**AUSTRIANS SUFFER HEAVY LOSSES.**

ENEMY RETREATING AND BURNING DEPOTS.

LONDON, July 12.

A French Eastern communique states:

South of the Devoli we are continuing our success.

We seized the whole of Kosnitz ridge and occupied all the villages in the Tomorica Valley above Dobreny, taking over 250 prisoners.

On the left the Italians captured the Cutaj Lunako heights.

The Austrians suffered heavy losses and are retreating, pillaging and burning their depots.

**THE BOOTY TAKEN.**

LONDON, July 12.

An Italian official report states:—

The booty taken in Albania includes three guns, eight mountain-guns, four trench-guns and two trench-mortars.

**DIFFICULT COUNTRY TO BE TRAVERSED.**

ALLIED FRONT SHORTENED BY MANY KILOMETRES.

ROME, July 12.

A semi-official report states:—

The importance of the success in Albania can only be realised by a knowledge of the topography of the country.

Unlike most of the other theatres of war the occupation of territory there can only be carried out by detachments holding isolated tactical points.

Our advance resulted in shortening the front by some dozens of kilometres.

**EFFECT OF THIS DEVELOPMENT ON THE BALKAN STATES.**

ACHILLES' HEEL OF THE ENEMY ALLIANCE.

ROME, July 12.

The Italian advance in Albania with French assistance in the centre, the Greeks on the right flank and British Naval support is producing a great political as well as a military effect throughout the Balkans.

All the oppressed Austrian nationalities are anxious to join in the fight. The latter declare that Austria is the Achilles' heel of the enemy Alliance, and if the Allies succeed in attacking this vulnerable spot the whole of the Austro-German compact may collapse like a pack of cards.

**MENACE TO THE BULGARIAN ARMY.**

THE AIM OF THE ADVANCE.

PARIS, July 11.

The newspapers draw attention to the advance in Albania and point out that the immediate aim is to clear out the enemy from the mountainous regions south of the Semeni river and its tributary, the Devoli.

The *Figaro*, referring to its final aims, says the occupation of Albania and the advance to the north of Lake Ochrida will place the Bulgarian Army in a dangerous position.

**THE MACEDONIAN FRONT.**

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY.

LONDON, July 12.

A French Eastern communique states:

Enemy artillery was greatly active on the Macedonian front, especially west of the Vardar and north of Monastir.

### THE WESTERN FRONT.

**SUCCESSFUL BRITISH RAIDS.**

MORE PRISONERS BROUGHT BACK.

LONDON, July 12.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

We took 120 prisoners and 10 machine-guns in Thursday's enterprise, south-west of Merris.

We repulsed an attempted raid to the south of Bucquoy.

We successfully raided to the north-east of Merris near Meteren and in the vicinity of Hamel, taking prisoners.

**AUSTRALIANS PENETRATE ENEMY LINES.**

LONDON, July 11.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

We captured a few prisoners at night to the north-east of Ypres.

The Australians to-day entered the German lines in the neighbourhood of Merris and penetrated a considerable depth, taking over 70 prisoners.

**FRENCH OCCUPY LONG PONT.**

PROGRESS CONTINUED.

LONDON, July 12.

A French communiqué states:—

We accentuated our progress north of Chivegny and east of Naverolles.

We occupied the village of Long Pont and Javage Farm.

We by *coups-de-main* north of Montdidier and in Champagne took 15 prisoners.

There was lively enemy artillery firing on the right of the Meuse.

**THE FRENCH CAPTURE OF CORCY.**

A CROWNING ACHIEVEMENT.

PARIS, July 12.

A semi-official report states:—

The capture of Corcy completes the clearance of the enemy from the Forest of Villers Cotterets. This was the objective of the series of recent French local attacks, which resulted in securing useful positions and valuable information previous to the resumption of the enemy offensive.

The bastion formed by the Forest of Villers Cotterets is now intact.

**FRENCH AVIATORS' PLUCK.**

331 HOSTILE MACHINES BAGGED IN JUNE.

LONDON, July 12.

A French communiqué states:—During June 150 enemy aeroplanes were brought down and 181 seriously damaged.

Over 600 tons of bombs were dropped.

**BRITISH AVIATORS BRING DOWN 13 HOSTILE MACHINES.**

LONDON, July 12.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, reporting on aviation, says:—

On the 10th we destroyed seven enemy machines and drove down six out of control. Four British machines are missing.

Heavy showers interrupted observation.

We dropped 10 tons of bombs during the day on various targets.

Rain prevented flying at night.

### AIR-RAIDS ON GERMANY.

**AMERICANS BOMB COBLENZ.**

VIEWS TAKEN PRISONER BY GERMANS.

LONDON, July 12.

A German official report claims that five out of the six American aeroplanes attempting a raid on Coblenz were brought down and the crews taken prisoner.

AMERICAN LOSS CONFIRMED.

LATER.

An American communique confirms the loss of five aeroplanes as a result of a bombing expedition.

**74 RAIDS ON GERMANY IN JUNE.**

61¼ TONS OF BOMBS DROPPED.

LONDON, July 11.

The Press Bureau states:—

An independent air force dropped 61¼ tons of bombs during 74 raids on Germany in June.

**BOMBS DROPPED IN BULGARIA.**

LONDON, July 12.

The Press Bureau states:—

The Royal Air Force, co-operating with the Navy, between the 8th to the 10th, dropped eight tons of bombs on enemy docks and works and half-a-ton on Constantinople on the 7th.

Kuleliburga's bridge, a station in Bulgaria, on which a quarter ton of bombs were dropped recently, has been badly damaged.

### ALLIED TROOPS ON MURMAN COAST.

**RUSSIANS ORDER WAR PREPARATIONS.**

SERBIAN AND ITALIAN OFFICERS ARRESTED.

LONDON, July 12.

The *Daily Express* Stockholm correspondent states:—

In consequence of the landing of Allied troops on the Murman coast, the Russian War Commissariat has ordered hurried preparations for war in this region.

Military censorship has been restored.

Three hundred Serbian and Italian officers have been arrested at Archangel by order of M. Lenin.

**GERMANS POURING TROOPS INTO UKRAINE.**

35 DIVISIONS ALREADY SENT.

The Petrograd newspaper *Nashvick* reports that the Germans are pouring troops into Ukraine, where they now have 35 Divisions.

### AFFAIRS IN RUSSIA.

**CZECHO-SLOVAKS DEFEAT BOLSHEVIKS.**

BOLSHEVIKS OVERTHROWN AT IRKUTSK.

PEKING, July 11.

The Czecho-Slovaks have overthrown the Bolsheviks throughout the whole region from Tobolsk to Semiolatinsk and from Krasnovarsk to Chiliabinsk.

A correspondent confirms the fact that the Bolsheviks were also overthrown at Irkutsk.

**BOLSHEGIK C.-IN-C. COMMITS SUICIDE.**

LONDON, July 11.

The Bolshevik Government allege that General Muravieff, the Commander-in-Chief on the Tsecho-Slovak front, has committed suicide.

**SOCIAL REVOLUTIONARIES MARCH ON MOSCOW.**

ENVIRONS REACHED ALREADY.

PARIS, July 12.

[illegible] dent says that M. Tchernoff, the leader of the Social Revolutionaries and head of numerous armed bands, chiefly peasants, is marching against Moscow, and has already reached the environs.

**THE ASSASSINATION OF COUNT MIRBACH.**

STORMY SOVIET CONGRESS AT MOSCOW.

LONDON, July 12.

A description received here of the Soviet Congress at Moscow two days before Count Mirbach was killed says the representatives of the Entente, and also Count Mirbach with the *personnel* of the German Legation were present. There were violent scenes, the Social Revolutionaries stigmatising the Bolsheviks as the "hangmen of Mirbachs and Luckeys," and applauding the appearance of the Ukraine representative, M. Alexandroff, who asked for assistance to enable the Ukraine to throw off the yoke of the Brest-Litovsk Peace.

M. Alexandroff declared that the Germans in Ukraine would be wiped out. They had already paid a thousand lives for their tyranny.

Messrs. Alexandroff and Kamkoff denounced the Bolsheviks for tolerating the presence of Count Mirbach in Moscow, amid shouts of "Down with Mirbach. Throw the robbers out."

### RAILWAY FROM PARIS TO GIBRALTAR.

**A BIG FRENCH SCHEME.**

LONDON TO CAPE TOWN TO BE ULTIMATELY ESTABLISHED.

LONDON, July 12.

The Orleans Railway Company has applied for a concession for tunnelling the Straits of Gibraltar in furtherance of the scheme to run a railway from Paris to Dakar.

The execution of the scheme would ultimately establish railway communication between London and Cape Town, when the Channel tunnel is built.

Traffic facilities between Dakar and South America will be greatly improved.

[Dakar is a fortified town and the capital of French West Africa. It is on the Gulf of Goree, Cape Verde, and has a magnificent harbour.]

### ALIEN PROBLEM AT HOME.

**DRASTIC GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS.**

A REPLY TO GERMAN OUTRAGES.

LONDON, July 12.

In the House of Commons Sir George Cave moving the second reading of the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Bill, said all the self-governing Dominions and India, with the exception of Australia, approved the draft of the Bill, but Australia indicated its assent. Its main purpose was to give wider powers to revoke naturalisation certificates. The Bill did not deal with many difficult questions in connection with the Law of Nationality, but he hoped the policy of making nationality laws would not be abandoned by Government. He proposed to refer the question to an advisory committee of experts.

Dealing with the Alien question, he agreed that the continuance of enemy outrages upon humanity must reasonably and naturally affect the viewpoint from which we approached such questions. Public opinion must be taken into account to a [illegible] agreed. The Government proposed to ask the committee of each County to undertake a revision of exemptions from internment in the case of men and exemptions from repatriation in the case of women. Where exemption continued the reasons would be publicly available. Naturalisation certificates would be reviewed, and those issued during the war were not likely to be continued unless for good public reasons. A retrospective requirement would be made that no name could be changed without a Home Office certificate. He was unable to agree with the proposal to summarily discharge persons of enemy origin from Government offices, but he proposed that only natural-born Britishers would be employed there during the war, unless National reasons justified exceptions. The Government proposed that all aliens, besides enemy aliens, should possess identity books. Sir George Cave foreshadowed further steps to deport undesirable non-enemy aliens and outlined further restrictions as regards enemy businesses, including the liquidation and winding up of enemy banks as soon as possible. (Cheers.) This step was no good if banks could be re-opened after the war. German banks in the past were used as a means for obtaining British trade and connections. It was, therefore, right to treat them specially. Government, therefore, proposed to legislate on the lines of the Non-Ferrous Metals Act, whereby no enemy bank could be opened in Great Britain for a term of years after the war. (Cheers.)

ENEMY ALIENS REJOICE OVER EVERY BRITISH SETBACK.

Mr. Lloyd George, winding up the debate, which disclosed a general approval of the Government's policy, said a good test was whether the aliens had thrown in their lot with us, but naturalisation during the war was most suspicious. There was need for a strong and impartial committee to re-consider cases solely in the light of public interest. Every British setback brought him letters from the Germans in this country rejoicing upon it. This state of things must be stopped.

Mr. Lloyd George emphasised the importance of furnishing the revising committees with evidence on which they could adjudicate. The Germans themselves were responsible for the present deep public sentiment against those not interned owing to their continual outrages upon hospital ships and upon helpless prisoners. Aliens should now be searched out very minutely.

### BILL PASSES SECOND READING.

LATER.

The House of Commons has passed the second reading of the Nationality Bill.

The Bill empowers the Home Secretary to revoke certificates of naturalisation where they were fraudulently obtained, and also to revoke certificates from disloyal citizens, criminals, notorious bad characters and persons who have lived abroad for seven years.

**"HANDS OFF THE PACIFIC."**

MR. HUGHES ON AUSTRALIA'S HERITAGE TO THE ISLANDS.

LONDON, July 12.

The Rt. Hon. W. M. Hughes (the Premier of Australia), at the Pilgrims' Club said Australia did not dare to assent to the Pacific Islands reverting to Germany, because Australia's safety demanded that her sea pathways be free, and whoever held the Northern Island belts commanded Australia. Germany fortified the Islands and monopolised their trade before the war, and a few more years would have seen a huge German army in the Pacific. Now Guinea and the other Islands were to Australia what Boulogne and Calais were to England. The Australians laid down their lives to [illegible] Australia's going to be many International complications and racial problems and a greater war than the present might follow unless a people with a love of freedom and ample regard for civilisation, such as the Germans did not possess, immediately administered the Pacific. He recognised that the policy of "Hands off the Pacific" meant that we must fight on to victory, and Australia was determined to do so in order to reach a lasting peace.

**DOMINIONS' PREMIERS AND REPRESENTATIVES.**

MANSION HOUSE BANQUET.

LONDON, July 12.

The Lord Mayor of London gave a banquet at the Mansion House to the Dominions' Premiers and representatives. The distinguished company included Mr. Balfour, Viscount Jellicoe, Lord Milner and General Smuts.

Mr. Walter Long (Secretary of State for the Colonies), toasting the guests, remarked that the Imperial Government did not desire to obstruct the progress of the Dominions, but, on the contrary, was prepared to facilitate it. Whatever changes be made let them be real and such as will secure greater stability to the Empire, the rightful use of the resources of the Empire and prevent the enemy from invading our territories. Mr. Walter Long said in these days of progress and reform nobody could stand still. All must go forward or backward. The British Empire was going forward (Cheers.) Early in the war he forecasted that at the end of the war there would be a weakening of the German empire and an immense strengthening of the British Empire. That the strengthening was now proceeding was as sure as night followed day. Germany must suffer from its attempt to defy the laws of Morality, Christianity and Civilisation.—(Applause.) Some believed that the Colonial Office desired to prevent progress. On the contrary, the Colonial Office was prepared to do all it could to facilitate progress. (Hear, hear.) Whatever changes we might make in future let us take care that they would tend to secure greater stability to the foundations of the Empire and secure for us the possession and rightful use of our almost unlimited resources. (Cheers.) Lets us see that they enabled us to prevent the enemies invading our territory as they had done in peace time and the wresting from our people of their rightful possessions. (Cheers.)

**THEIR BELGIAN MAJESTIES.**

RETURN BY AEROPLANE FROM LONDON TO HAVRE.

LONDON, July 12.

The King and Queen of Belgium returned to Havre by aeroplane.

### KUEHLMANN'S SUCCESSOR

**VIEWS WAR AS BRITAIN VERSUS GERMANY.**

AUSTRIA REGRETS KUEHLMANN'S RESIGNATION.

LONDON, July 12.

The appointment of Admiral von Hintze as German Foreign Secretary, is not yet officially confirmed, but it is now taken for granted.

A portion of the German Press emphasises that Admiral von Hintze always recognised that the war was in essence Great Britain versus Germany, and regulated his activities accordingly.

It is reported that the Majority Socialists have accepted the appointment with certain reservations.

The Austrian newspapers regret the resignation of Herr von Kuhlmann, whom they describe as the best exponent of the idea of a Moderate peace.

**FRANCE'S DAY.**

£500,000 TO BE RAISED IN LONDON.

LONDON, July 12.

France's Day will be celebrated in London by the raising of funds for the French Red Cross. There is a great effort, which, with liberal subscriptions, is estimated to result in collecting £500,000.

**REQUIEM AT WESTMINSTER CATHEDRAL.**

FOR FALLEN FRENCH SOLDIERS.

LONDON, July 12.

An impressive Requiem service was held for the fallen French soldiers at Westminster Cathedral.

Their Majesties the King and Queen were represented and there was a distinguished congregation. The Zouaves and Grenadier Guards participated. The Zouaves band later marched through the city accompanied by Coldstream Guards. They were very warmly greeted.

**JAPANESE INTERVENTION IN SIBERIA.**

AT PRESENT UNNECESSARY.

TOKIO, July 2.

The report from Washington that Japan had declined whatsoever the request of the Entente to intervene in Siberia is authoritatively declared to be untrue. Japan's attitude is unchanged. America's reply on the subject is still awaited.

Unofficial opinion in Japan is almost unanimous in feeling that the despatch of troops to Siberia at present is unnecessary.

**AMERICA AND TURKEY.**

NO REPLY TO AMERICA'S REQUEST.

WASHINGTON, July 12.

The State Department announces that the American Consul at Tabriz reached Teheran safely with a party of Europeans and Americans.

Turkey has not replied to the request for an explanation of the pillaging of an American hospital and the damage to the Consulate at Tabriz.

**COFFEE AND SUGAR PLANTATIONS IN BRAZIL.**

DESTROYED BY FROST.

WASHINGTON, July 12.

Young coffee plantations in Sao Paulo and Brazil have been ruined by frost.

Sugar, castor oil, and fruit plantations have been damaged.

**RECRUITING IN IRELAND.**

DWINDLED TO MERE THREAD.

LONDON, July 12.

Mr. S. L. Gwynn (Nationalist M.P. for Galway City), addressing the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, said recruiting in Ireland had dwindled to a mere thread. They were not going to beat the drum at the street corners, but appeal to bodies directing public opinion. If they did not help the thing could not be done.

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P. L. KNIGHT,
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| | *Inaba Maru, 12,600 tons | SAT., 17th Aug., 11 a.m. |
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LIABILITY TO HIGHER RATE.

In reply to a question by Colonel Sir Frederick Hall as to income-tax on War Loan, Mr. Bonar Law writes:—

Investors in Five per Cent. War Loan were given the option of (1) bonds carrying interest subject to deduction of tax at the time of payment of the interest and, (2) registered or inscribed stock carrying interest payable without deduction of tax but assessable in the hands of the recipient. Provision was made in the Finance Act, 1917, to give effect to the second alternative, and the interest on the registered and inscribed stock accordingly became assessable on the principle which has been in force since 1842 in connection with the interest on any Government securities not charged to income-tax by way of deduction. The basis of assessment in these, as in all cases of interest not charged at the source, is the amount of the income arising in the year preceding the year of assessment. Thus the holder of inscribed or registered Five per Cent. War Stock who received £100 interest in the year 1917-18 was not chargeable with any tax upon that interest in that year, nor indeed did he have to include the item in a statement of total income from all sources, so that if his statutory income from other sources amounted to £700 he was entitled to claim the abatement and children allowances for total incomes not exceeding £700, although in fact he had an additional £100 of income.

For the year 1918-19 his liability is on the amount of the preceding year's income, £100, whatever the amount he may actually receive from registered or inscribed stock in the course of the year of assessment; and the rate of tax to be charged is that approved by Parliament for the year 1918-19. This is the case with all income-tax assessments upon whatever basis (current year, preceding year, or average of years) the income is required by law to be computed.

As regards super-tax, the holder of this stock does not begin to pay until 1919-20 for the reason that super-tax liability is calculated on the statutory income, as computed for income-tax purposes, for the preceding year.

The holder of bearer bonds receives his interest under deduction of tax at the rate in force at the time of payment; he bears tax year by year on the actual receipts of the year, and by April 5, 1919, he will have paid two years' tax on the two years' income which he has received, whereas the holder of a corresponding amount of registered or inscribed stock during the like period will have paid only one year's tax on the two years' income which he has received.

Assuming both investors to hold for ten years, each will be required under the Income Tax Acts to pay ten years' tax, the difference between them being that the holder of bearer bonds begins to pay at once and bears tax finally with the last payment of interest in the tenth year, while the holder of inscribed or registered stock does not become liable to pay until the second year and makes his final payment of income-tax in the 11th year at the rate imposed for that year whether higher or lower than the rates in force when he took up the investment.

When it was reported in London that Mr. Long and Mr. Shortt on behalf of the Government were to have charge of the Home Rule Bill in the Commons, a witty rhymester declared:

There are who deem no human skill
May safely pilot such a Bill;
But sure, when Long and Shortt agree,
A perfect "measure" we shall see.

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Hongkong, March 21, 1918.

### REMARRIAGE OF THE DIVORCED.

DISCUSSION BY YORK CONVOCATION.

At the Lower House of Convocation of York held a few weeks ago the Dean of Manchester presented the report of a Committee on the remarriage of divorced persons, which stated that after mature consideration the Committee considered that Church people and clergy would be greatly helped in the difficulty, which is both theoretical and practical, if the bishops, or the majority of them, would answer certain questions, including: (1) If the Church did or could sanction the remarriage of an innocent divorced person during the lifetime of the partner? (2) Was it the duty of the clergy to repel both parties from Holy Communion? (3) Is remarriage sufficient to repel the innocent party, and is it the duty of the clergy and for Church people to treat the innocent party remarried by the secular authority as living in adultery? (4) Is there any difference which can, and should be made in the treatment of guilty and innocent persons who have been remarried after divorce?

Archdeacon Lindsay (Cleveland) said that the Catholic Church, of which they were a section, had never tolerated divorce as involving remarriage. "Divorce had been granted as a relief from an intolerable burden, but it was never meant to convey the right of remarriage. He moved that the questions be drafted so as to admit of no possibility of remarriage being regarded as an open question.

The Dean of Carlisle denied that the Church had only had one attitude on the question. It was important that they should recognise that the Church of this age had as much right to consider this question as the Church of earlier ages, and that it could not set up the principle that one section of the Church could never adopt a new rule unless it was followed by the whole of Christendom.

Canon Merriman said the report was based on a rotten foundation. It was part of the downgrade movement in faith and morals.

The Rev. A. Symonds thought it a mistake to try to bring down the law of the Church to the level of the State.

The Dean of York seconded Archdeacon Lindsay's amendment, remarking that he was not prepared to accept the decision of even the ten bishops of the northern province as to whether the Church should sanction the remarriage of an innocent divorced person.

The amendment was carried by one vote, and the report was adopted with verbal alterations.


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Hongkong, April 6, 1918. [30

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| RESERVE FUNDS— | |
| Sterling £1,500,000=$15,000,000 | |
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| | $34,500,000 |
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Hongkong, March 23, 1918.

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THE business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

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For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.
N. J. STABB,
*Chief Manager.*

Hongkong May 14, 1916. 517

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| Authorised Capital ... ... | £1,500,000 |
| Subscribed ... ... ... ... | 1,125,000 |
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BANKERS.

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Hongkong, Oct. 6 1917.

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| AUTHORISED CAPITAL | f. 75,000,000= (£6,250,000) |
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## HONGKONG DEFENCE CORPS.

**Orders for Artillery Company by Capt. J. H. W. Armstrong, V.D.**

PARADES AT BELCHERS BATTERY.

TUESDAY, 16th July:—
5.30 p.m. Left Half Coy. Full drill.
THURSDAY, 18th July:—
5.30 p.m. Left Half Coy. New D.R.F. Class only.
FRIDAY, 19th July:—
7.30 p.m. Right Half Coy. Full drill.
5.30 p.m. Left Half Coy. New Layers' Class only.

**Orders for Engineer Company by Captain W. Russell.**

E. L. MANNING NIGHTLY.

15th to 19th July:—
Parades as per rosters posted at Headquarters. Engine Drivers at 6.45 p.m. Electricians at 7.00 p.m.

OFFICERS NEXT FOR DUTY.

Belchers, Captain Russell. Lyeemun, Captain Jamies. Stonecutters 2nd Lieut. Brown.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR HIGHER RATINGS AND N.C.OS. AND MEN OF THE INFANTRY BATTALION ATTACHED FOR DUTY.

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Class 3, at Lyeemun at 8.30 p.m. On Tuesdays and Fridays, under Staff Sergts. Barclay and White, R.E. and Sergt. Williams, H.K.D.C.

Detail of duties at Lyeemun from 15th to 31st July, is posted at Headquarters for information of all concerned.

**Orders for Infantry Battalion by Major H. A. Morgan.**

PARADES.

"A" Company.

FRIDAY, 19th July:—
5.30 p.m. Nos. 3 and 4 Platoons on Murray Parade Ground. T. E. T. Dress, drill order with pouches.
No. 1 Platoon will parade during the week for T. E. T. as ordered by Platoon Sergeant.

"B" Company.

TUESDAY, 16th July:—
5.30 p.m. No. 3 Platoon at Cricket Club. Instructions in T. E. T. Dress, drill order with pouches.
5.30 p.m. No. 6 Platoon at Headquarters. Instruction in T. E. T. Dress, drill order with pouches.
5.30 No. 7 Platoon on Polo Ground. Hongkong residents will parade at Cricket Club at 5.10 p.m. and proceed by tram to Causeway Bay. Instruction in T.E.T. Dress, Drill order with pouches and 15 rounds dummies.
5.30 p.m. No. 8 Platoon at Kowloon Docks. Instruction in T.E.T.
THURSDAY, 18th July:—
5.30 p.m. N.C.Os. of No. 7 Platoon (as detailed by Platoon Commander), at Headquarters T.E.T.

MACHINE GUN COMPANY.

TUESDAY, 16th July:—
7.10 a.m. No. 3 Gun at Headquarters. Dress, as above.
WEDNESDAY, 17th July:—
5.30 p.m. Nos. 4 and 5 Guns at Headquarters. Dress as above.
FRIDAY, 19th July:—
7.10 a.m. Beginners' Class at Headquarters.

MOUNTED SECTION.

Thursday, 18th July. 5.30 p.m. At Jockey Club Stables. Dress, Drill order without rifles.

SIGNALLING SECTION.

Tuesday, 16th July. 5.30 p.m. Parade at Headquarters. Dress, Clean Fatigue.

RECRUITS.

FRIDAY, July 19th:—
5.30 p.m. All units except "D" Company on Murray Parade Ground, under Sergts. Oxberry and Meade. Dress, drill order.

**Orders for Cadet Company by 2nd Lieut. J. E. W. Beard.**

PARADES.

WEDNESDAY, July 17th:—
5.00 p.m. Swinning. Fall in at Blake Pier.
SATURDAY, July 20th:—
1.30 p.m. Nos. 3 and 4 Sections Fall in at Headquarters to proceed to Sai-wan.

G. E. STEWART,
Captain,
Adjutant, H.K. Defence Corps.

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Hongkong, July 15, 1918.

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Bar Silver in Hongkong ... 35 % prem.
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### Temperature

Hongkong, July 15th, 1918.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| BAROMETER—9 A.M. | | 29.52 |
| Do. | 1 P.M. | 29.50 |
| Do. | 4 P.M. | 29.45 |
| THERMOMETER 9 A.M. | | 84 |
| Do. | 1 P.M. | 85 |
| Do. | 4 P.M. | 85 |
| Do. | (Wet bulb) 9 A.M. | 81 |
| Do. | (Wet bulb) 1 P.M. | 81 |
| Do. | (Wet bulb) 4 P.M. | 84 |
| Do. | Maximum | 85 |
| Do. | (Minimum (over night) | 78 |

## VISITORS AT THE HOTELS.

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Mr & Mrs H. Abert
Mr D. Abraham
Mr F. C. Allen
Mr B. R. Anderson
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Mr J. D. Birrell
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Mr C. H. Brown
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Mr J. Descals
Mr G. W. Ellis
Mr T. A. Elmer
Mme. E. Esnault
Major D. V. Fleming
Mr D. Fletcher
Mr F. Gandossi
Mr J. H. Gardiner
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Mr Geo. Mallien
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Capt. W. Wright
Mr and Mrs B. Wylie
Mr W. C. Young

### KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Mrs R. Almond
Dr and Mrs Asger and son
Mr G. Bannerman
Mr W. Budge
Mr and Mrs T. S. Cheng
Mr and Mrs Course
Mrs T. B. Culhane
Mrs Cumming
Mr C. Fritz
Mr and Mrs Gregory
Mr C. J. Hammes
Mr J. Hatfield
Mr G. R. Haywood
Mr A. W. T. Hoy
Mr and Mrs Wm. Jackson
Mr B. James
Mr J. Joseph
Mrs L. Kilbee and child
Mr C. D. Kincaid
Mr A. Lambden
Miss E. Lambden
Mrs B. Legge
Mr & Mrs McAinsh
Mrs McGee
Mr B. J de Moore
Mr W. Morley
Mr A. Morton
Mrs W. C. Passmore
Mr and Mrs G. F. Richardson
Mr E. M. Sleigh
Mr and Mrs Starkey and children
Mr Stubbings and daughter
Mr A. A. L. Todt
Mr and Mrs Underwood
Mr and Mrs J. W. White

### PEAK HOTEL.

Mr and Mrs R. F. J. Adams
Miss Anderson
Mr T. Barclay
Mr C. B. Bird
Major Black
Mr and Mrs D. K. Blair
Mrs Blumenthal
Mrs Brazil
Mr and Mrs O. T. Breakspear
Mr and Mrs Cabell
Mr & Mrs Cadbury
Mr A. J. Carter
Mr and Mrs R. W. Cary
Miss Churchill
Mr & Mrs Coburn
Miss Coburn
Mr G. L. Coleman
Miss Collins
Mrs Cormack
Lt. & Mrs Davis
Rev. & Mrs Donaldson
Mr Donkin
Mr Donnell
MrS. Evans
Mr Denman Fuller
Mrs Fumagalli
Mr A. D. Galloway
Mrs Gellion
Mr and Mrs Gibbs
Dr Campbell Gibson
Mr Gubbay
Mr and Mrs B. A. Hale
Mr H. Hancock
Mr and Mrs Hargreaves
Mr W. B. Hind
Mr and Mrs Hodgson
Mr and Mrs Hogg
Mrs Howison
Mr P. B. Johnson
Sir Ellis Kadoorie
Mr & Mrs Karanjia
Mr Kyle
Mr and Mrs Geo. Lammert
Dr & Mrs Leavell
Mrs Leyte
Mrs Litt
Mr & Mrs Macdonald
Mr R. F. Mattingly
Miss Mauck
Miss Maxwell
Mr and Mrs N. McIntyre
Mrs Moore
Mr and Mrs F. G. Nightingale
Mr and Mrs H. A. Nisbet
Miss Oestenfeal
Mrs Ostroverkhow
Miss Pedden
Lt.-Col. and Mrs Thursby Pelham
Mr T. L. Perkins
Mrs Pritchard
Mr and Mrs F. E. Ranger
Mr W. E. Roberts
Mr and Mrs Rope
Lt. Sherwin
Mr Shotwell
Mrs Sigveland
Miss Skinner
Mr & Mrs Smeloff
Mr & Mrs A. Findlay Smith
Mr & Mrs V. Findlay Smith
Mrs H. Smith
Mr and Mrs B. de Souza
Mr & Mrs Stephenson
Mrs Sveen
Mrs Tisdall
Mr and Mrs G. F. Turner
Maj.-Gen. F. Ventris
Miss Ventris
Lt.-Col. John Ward C.M.G., M.P.
Mr G. E. Wetton
Mr D. Wood

### HONGKONG REGISTER.

| | Previous day at 2 p.m. | On date at 6 a.m. | On date at 2 p.m. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Barometer | 29.52 | 29.52 | 29.47 |
| Temperature | 90 | 81 | 90 |
| Humidity | 73 | 86 | 68 |
| Direction of Wind | S | SSW | SW |
| Force | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| Weather | c | o | o |
| Rain | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 |

Highest shade Temperature on the 14th—90
Lowest shade Temperature on the 15th—81

T. F. CLAXTON, *Director.*
Hongkong Observatory, July 15, 1918.

## WEATHER REPORT.

*July 15th, 11h. 45m.*—No returns from Japan and Wladivostock. Pressure has decreased slightly at Hongkong and stations to the southward, and increased slightly elsewhere; a depression covers Tongking.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1st, 42.70 inches, against an average of 44.48 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on the 16th July:—

1.—Hongkong to Gap Rock: S.W. winds, moderate; fair generally, some showers.

2.—Formosa Channel: The same as No. 1.

3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamocks: The same as No. 1.

4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: The same as No. 1.

## FARES FOR PUBLI VEHICLES.

### CHAIRS.

*I.—In Victoria with two Bearers.*

Quarter hour ... 10 cents.
Half hour ... 20 ,,
One hour ... 25 ,,
Three hours ... 50 ,,
Six hours ... 70 ,,
Day (6 a.m. to 6 p.m.) ... $1.00

If the trip is extended beyond Victoria, half fare extra.

Between the hours of 8.30 p.m. and 6 a.m. the above fares shall be increased by 50 per centum.

*II.—Beyond Victoria, with four Bearers.*

Hour ... 0.60 cents.
Three hours ... $1.00
Six hours ... 1.50
Day (6 a.m. to 6 p.m.) ... 2.00

*III.—In the Hill District.*

| | With 2 Bearers | With 4 Bearers |
|---|---|---|
| Quarter hour | $0.15 | $0.30 |
| Half hour | 0.20 | 0.40 |
| One hour | 0.30 | 0.60 |
| Two hours | 0.50 | 0.80 |
| Three hours | 0.70 | 1.00 |
| Six hours | 1.00 | 1.50 |
| Day (6 a.m. to 6 p.m.) | 1.50 | 2.00 |

### RICKSHAS.

*I.—In the Island of Hongkong, if engaged in Victoria.*

Ten minutes ... 5 cents
Quarter hour ... 10 ,,
Half hour ... 15 ,,
One hour ... 20 ,,
Every Subsequent hour ... 20 ,,

Note.—If the ricksha be engaged within the City of Victoria, and be discharged outside the Western part of the City of Victoria after 9 p.m., or be discharged to the East of Bay View Police Station on the Eastern side of the City of Victoria after 9 p.m., an extra half fare shall be chargeable.

*II.—In Kowloon.*

Quarter hour ... 5 cents.
Half hour ... 15 ,,
Hour ... 20 ,,
Every subsequent hour ... 10 ,,

*III.—Taipo Road.*

Twenty cents shall be added for each extra hour or part of an hour if the hirer causes the journey to take longer than:—

To 4th mile—
single ... 75 cents ... 1 hour.
return ... $1.00 ... 2 hours.
Beyond 4th to 6th mile—
single ... $1.20 ... 2 hours.
return ... $1.50 ... 4 ,,
Beyond 6th to 9th mile—
single ... $1.75 ... 2½ ,,
return ... $2.00 ... 5 ,,
Beyond 9th to 11th mile—
single ... $2.00 ... 3 ,,
return ... $2.50 ... 7 ,,

Fares for journeys beyond the 11th mile to be a matter of previous arrangement in each case.

The fares here set out to apply to one ricksha with three coolies from Tsim Sha Tsui.

### FARES FOR PUBLIC CARRIAGES.

*I*

| | Not exceeding per passenger. |
|---|---|
| From Slaughter House to Sailors' Home | 04 cents. |
| From Sailors' Home to Government Civil Hospital | 04 ,, |
| From Government Civil Hospital to Clock Tower | 04 ,, |
| From Clock Tower to Race Course | 10 ,, |
| From Clock Tower to Bay View House | 12 ,, |
| From Wanchai Market to Bay View House | 08 ,, |
| From Bay View House to Quarry Bay | 08 ,, |

*II.—In the City of Victoria.*

| | Not exceeding per passenger. |
|---|---|
| Quarter hour | 10 cents. |
| Half hour | 10 ,, |
| One hour | 20 ,, |
| Two hours | 35 ,, |
| Three ,, | 50 ,, |
| Four ,, | 60 ,, |
| Five ,, | 70 ,, |
| Six ,, | 75 ,, |
| One day from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. | $1.25 |

*III.—Beyond Victoria.*

| | Not exceeding per passenger. |
|---|---|
| One hour | 25 cents. |
| Two hours | 45 ,, |
| Three ,, | 60 ,, |
| Four ,, | 75 ,, |
| Five ,, | 85 ,, |
| Six ,, | 90 ,, |
| One day from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. | $1.50 |

If a vehicle is discharged beyond the limits of the City of Victoria half fare extra is to be allowed for the return journey.

*IV.—In Kowloon.*

| | Not exceeding per passenger. |
|---|---|
| Quarter hour | $ .40 |
| Half hour | .60 |
| One hour | .80 |
| Two hours | 1.40 |
| Three ,, | 2.00 |
| Four ,, | 2.40 |
| Five ,, | 2.80 |
| Six ,, | 3.00 |
| One day from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. | 5.00 |

Between the hours of 8.30 p.m. and 6 a.m. the above fares shall be increased by 50 per centum.

## HONGKONG MARKET PRICES.

### Butcher Meat.

| | | Cts. |
|---|---|---|
| Beef Sirloin,—Mei Lung Pa | lb. | 24 |
| ,, Prime Cut | ,, | 24 |
| ,, Corned,—Ham Ngau Yuk | ,, | 23 |
| ,, Roast,—Shiu | ,, | 24 |
| ,, Breast,—Ngau Nam | ,, | 20 |
| ,, Soup,—Tong Yuk | ,, | 21 |
| ,, Steak,—Ngau Yuk Pa | ,, | 24 |
| ,, Steak Sirloin,—Ngau Lan | ,, | 30 |
| ,, Sausages,—Ngau Cheung No. 1 | ,, | 26 |
| Bullock's Brains,—Ngau No | per set | 10 |
| ,, Tongue, fresh,—Ngau Li | each | 60 |
| ,, Tongue, corned,—Ham Ngau Li | each | 60 cents. |
| ,, Head,—Ngau Tau | each | 100 |
| ,, Heart,—Ngau Sam | lb. | 13 |
| ,, Hump, Salt—Ngau Kin | ,, | 20 |
| ,, Feet,—Ngau Keuk | each | 10 |
| ,, Kidneys,—Ngau Yin | ,, | 10 |
| ,, Tail,—Ngau Mei | ,, | 20 |
| ,, Liver,—Ngau Kon | lb. | 13 |
| ,, Tripe (undressed), Ngau To | lb. | 6 |
| Calves' Head and Feet,—Ngau-tsai-tau-keuk | set | $1.00 |
| Mutton Chop,—Yeung Pei Kwat | lb. | 26 |
| ,, Leg,—Yeung Pei | ,, | 26 |
| ,, Shoulder,—Yeung Shau | ,, | 24 |
| ,, Saddle,—Yeung On Yuk | ,, | 18 |
| Pig's Chitlings,—Chu Chong | per set | 25 |
| ,, Brains,—Chu No | per set | 22 |
| ,, Feet,—Chu Keuk | lb. | 15 |
| ,, Fry,—Chu Chap | ,, | 15 |
| ,, Head,—Chu Tau | ,, | 20 |
| ,, Heart,—Chu Sam | each | 10 |
| ,, Kidneys,—Chu Yiu | each | 10 |
| ,, Liver,—Chu Kon | lb. | 30 |
| Pork Chop,—Chu Pai Kwat | ,, | 25 |
| ,, Leg,—Chu Pei | ,, | 28 |
| ,, Loin,—Chu-Han-Tun | ,, | 28 |
| ,, Fat or Lard,—Chu Yau | ,, | 21 |
| Sheep's Head and Feet,—Yeung Tau Keuk | set | 60 |
| ,, Heart,—Yeung Sam | each | 8 |
| ,, Kidneys,—Yeung Yiu | each | 12 |
| ,, Liver,—Yeung Kon | lb. | 26 |
| Sucking Pigs, to order,—Chu Tsai | ,, | 25 |
| Suet, Beef,—Shang Ngau Yau | ,, | 20 |
| ,, Mutton,—Shang Yeung You | ,, | 26 |
| Veal,—Ngau Tsai Yuk | ,, | 20 |
| ,, Sausages,—Ngau Tsai Cheung No. 1 | lb. | 20 |
| Lard,—Chu Yau | lb. | — |

### Fish.

| | | Cts. |
|---|---|---|
| Barbel,—Ka Yu | lb. | 19 |
| Bream,—Pin Yu | ,, | 21 |
| Canton Fresh Water Fish,—Hoi Sin Yu | ,, | 18 |
| Carp,—Li Yu | ,, | 16 |
| Catfish,—Chik Yu | ,, | 12 |
| Codfish,—Mun Yu | ,, | 20 |
| Crabs,—Hai | ,, | 23 |
| Cuttle Fish,—Muk Yu | ,, | 16 |
| Dab,—Sha Mang Yu | ,, | 23 |
| Dace,—Wong Mei Lap | ,, | 10 |
| Dog Fish,—Tit To Sha | ,, | 10 |
| Eels, Conger,—Hoi Man | ,, | 16 |
| ,, Fresh water,—Tam Shui Yu | ,, | 20 |
| ,, Yellow,—Wong Sin | ,, | 26 |
| Frogs,—Tin Kai | ,, | 32 |
| Garoupa,—Shek Pan | ,, | 40 |
| Gudgeon,—Pak Kap Yu | ,, | 18 |
| Herrings,—Tso Pak | ,, | 22 |
| Halibut,—Cheung Kwan Kap | ,, | 18 |
| Labrus,—Wong Fa Yu | ,, | 22 |
| Loach,—Wu Yu | ,, | 22 |
| Lobsters,—Lung Ha | ,, | 32 |
| Mackerel,—Chi Yu | ,, | 20 |
| Monk Fish,—Meng Yu | ,, | 32 |
| Mullet,—Tsai Yu | ,, | 18 |
| Oysters,—Shang Ho | ,, | 16 |
| Parrot Fish,—Kai Kung Yu | ,, | 14 |
| Perch,—Tau Lo | ,, | 20 |
| Pike,—Fa Pau Fong | ,, | 16 |
| Plaice,—Pan Yu | ,, | 28 |
| Pomfret, Black,—Hak Chong | ,, | 26 |
| Pomfret, White,—Pak Chong | ,, | 36 |
| Prawns,—Ming Ha | ,, | 36 |
| Ray,—Pai Pa Sha | ,, | 10 |
| Rock Fish,—Shek Kau Kung | ,, | 13 |
| Roach,—Chun Yu | ,, | 22 |
| Salmon,—Ma Yu | ,, | 36 |
| Shark,—Sha Yu | ,, | 8 |
| Skate,—Po Yu | ,, | 10 |
| Shrimps,—Ha | ,, | 26 |
| Snapper,—Lap Yu | ,, | 32 |
| Soles,—Tat Sha Yu | ,, | 28 |
| Tench,—Wan Yu | ,, | 22 |
| Turbot,—Tso Hau Yu | ,, | 18 |
| Turtles, small, fresh water,—Keuk Y | ,, | 40 |

### Poultry.

| | | Cts. |
|---|---|---|
| Chicken,—Kai Tsai | lb. | 30 |
| Capons, small,—Sin Kai | ,, | 28 |
| Capons, Large,—Sin Kai | ,, | 28 |
| Duck,—Ap | ,, | 22 |
| Doves,—Pau Kau | ,, | — |
| Eggs, Hen,—Kai Tan (cooking) | per doz. | 18 |
| Eggs, Hen,—Kai Tan (fresh) | per doz. | 25 |
| Fowls, Canton,—Kai | lb. | 36 |
| Fowls, Hainan,—Hoi Nam Kai | ,, | 28 |
| Geese,—Ngo | ,, | 24 |
| Pigeons, Canton,—Pak Kap | ,, | 30 |
| ,, Hoihow,—Hoi Hau Pak Kap | each | 23 |
| Turkeys, Cock,—Fo Kai Kung | lb. | 60 |
| Turkeys, Hen,—Fo Kai Na | ,, | 52 |
| Snipe,—Sha Tsui | each | 22 |
| Pheasant,—Shan Kai | ,, | — |
| Quail,—Om Chun | ,, | — |
| Partridges,—Cha Ku | ,, | — |

### FRUITS

| | | Cts. |
|---|---|---|
| Almonds,—Hang Yan | lb. | 35 |
| Apples, (California),—Kam Shan Ping Ko | ,, | 24 |
| Bananas, (bride's), Macao,—San Heung Chiu | ,, | 4 |
| Carambola,—Yeung To | ,, | 12 |
| Cocoanuts,—Ye Tsz | each | [illegible] |
| Lemons, China,—Ling Mung | lb. | 7 |
| Lemons, America,—Kam Shan Ling Mung | | 8 each |
| Lichees, Dried, (small stone),—Lai Chi Kon | lb. | 25 |
| Oranges, (Canton), (Sweet)—Shan-sheong Tim Chang | ,, | — |
| Oranges, (Canton) | ,, | — |
| Pears, (Canton), Cooking,—Sha Li | ,, | 18 |
| Peanuts,—Fa Shang | ,, | 10 |
| Persimmons, Large,—Hung Tse | ,, | 12 |
| Plantain,—Tai Chiu | ,, | 03 |
| Pumelo, Siam,—Tsim Lo Yau | each | 12 |
| Walnuts,—Hop To | lb. | 14 |
| Grapes,—Po Tai Tsz | ,, | 25 |

### Vegetables, &c.

| | | Cts. |
|---|---|---|
| Artichokes,—Ah Chi Cheuk | each | — |
| Beans, Sprout,—Nga Tsoi | lb. | 4 |
| ,, Long,—Tau Kok | ,, | 8 |
| Beet Root,—Hung Tsoi Tau | ,, | 8 |
| Bitter Squash,—Fu Kwa | ,, | — |
| Brinjals, Green,—Ching Yun Kwa | ,, | 5 |
| ,, Red,—Hung Ke | ,, | 5 |
| Cabbage Chinese, (common),—Kai Tsoi | ,, | 6 |
| ,, Shanghai,—Ye Tsoi | ,, | 12 |
| Cane Shoots, bunch,—Kau Shun | ,, | — |
| Cauliflower (Large),—Ye Tsoi Fa | each | — |
| ,, (Medium) | ,, | — |
| ,, (Small) | ,, | — |
| Carrots,—Kam Shun | lb. | 6 |
| Celery, Chinese,—Tong Kan Tsoi | ,, | 10 |
| Chillies, Dried,—Kon Lat Chiu | ,, | 25 |
| ,, Red,—Hung Fa Chiu | ,, | 10 |
| ,, Green,—Ching Lat Chiu | ,, | 8 |
| Curry Stuff, English,—Ka Li Chu Liu | lb. | 10 |
| Cucumbers,—Ching Kwa | each | 2 |
| Garlic,—Sun Tau | lb. | 8 |
| Ginger, young,—Sun Tse Keung | ,, | 7 |
| Ginger, old,—Lo Keung | ,, | 10 |
| Horseradish, Shanghai,—Lik Kan | ,, | 45 |
| Indian Corn,—Shuk Mai | each | 06 |
| Lettuce,—Yeung Shang Tsoi | each | 1 |
| Water Chestnuts,—Ma Tai | lb. | 6 |
| ,, Mandarin,—Kwai Lam Ma Tai | ,, | 10 |
| Mushrooms, Fresh,—Shang Tso Ku | lb. | |
| Okroes | lb. | 10 |
| Onions, Bombay,—Yeung Chung Tau | lb. | 8 |
| Onions, Green,—Shang Chung | lb. | 4 |
| Onions, Shanghai,—Sheung-hoi Chung Tau | ,, | 6 |
| Parsley,—Kun Tsoi | ,, | 60 |
| Potato, Sweet,—Fan Shu | ,, | 3 |
| ,, Japanese,—Yat Pun Shu Tsai | lb. | 3 |
| ,, American,—Fa Kai Shu Tsai | lb. | 8 |
| Pumpkin,—Tung Kwa | lb. | 3 |
| Radish,—Hung Lo Pak Tsai | ,, | 6 |
| Rhubarb (Fresh),—Tai Wong | ,, | — |
| Shallots,—Kong Chong Tau | ,, | 8 |
| Spinach,—Yin Tsoi | ,, | 4 |
| Tomatoes,—Fan Ke | ,, | 7 |
| Taros,—Wu Tau | ,, | 6 |
| Turnips, Punti, (Long),—Lo Pak | ,, | 4 |
| Vetable Marrow,—Tsit Kwa | ,, | 4 |
| Water Cress,—Sai Young Tsoi | ,, | 15 |
| ,, Lily root,—Lin Ngau | ,, | 6 |
| Yams,—Tai Shu | ,, | 6 |

## ROYAL OBSERVATORY HONGKONG, DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

JULY 15, 1918.—a.m.

| Station. | Hour. | Barometer at Sea Level. | Temperature. | Humidity. | Wind Direction. | Wind Force. | Weather. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wladiostock | 6 a. | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Memuro | 5 a. | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Hakodate | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Tokio | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Kochi | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Nagasaki | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Kagoshima | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Oshima | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Naha | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Ishi'jima | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Bonin Island | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Weihaiwei | 6 a. | 29.56 | 70 | 95 | — | 0 | of |
| Hankow | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Ichang | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Kiukiang | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Changsha | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Shanghai | ,, | 29.56 | 72 | 100 | — | 0 | bf |
| Gutzlaff | ,, | 29.66 | 75 | 100 | s | 1 | b |
| Sharp Pk. | ,, | 29.58 | 81 | 95 | s | 2 | o |
| Amoy | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Swatow | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Taihoku | 5 a. | 29.53 | 77 | 96 | — | 0 | b |
| Taichu | ,, | 29.56 | 77 | — | — | 0 | o |
| Tainan | ,, | 29.53 | 75 | — | se | 2 | r |
| Koshun | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Pescadores | ,, | 29.54 | 81 | — | sw | 4 | o |
| Canton | 6 a. | 29.52 | 81 | 96 | ssw | 1 | c |
| Hongkong | ,, | 29.52 | 81 | 86 | ssw | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Gap Rock | ,, | 29.52 | — | — | sw | 5 | c |
| Macao | ,, | 29.50 | 82 | 89 | ssw | 4 | c |
| Wuchow | 9 a. | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Pakhoi | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Hoihow | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Phulien | 7 a. | 29.45 | 81 | 89 | ssw | 2 | o |
| Tourane | ,, | 29.54 | 83 | — | ssw | 2 | b |
| C. St. James | ,, | 29.74 | 77 | — | sw | 4 | b |
| Aparri | 6 a. | 29.60 | 81 | 80 | sw | 2 | o |
| Dagupan | ,, | 29.66 | 79 | 95 | — | 0 | o |
| Manila | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Legaspi | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Tacloban | ,, | 29.74 | 73 | 91 | wnw | 1 | o |
| Iloilo | ,, | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Surigao | ,, | 29.75 | 79 | 84 | — | 0 | o |
| Guam | 4.20 | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Labuan | 6 a. | — | — | — | — | — | — |

T. F. CLAXTON, *Director.*
Hongkong Observatory, July 15, 1918.

1. BAROMETER, reduced to 32 degrees Fahrenheit, on the level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths.
2. TEMPERATURE, in the shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.
3. HUMIDITY, in percentage of saturation, the humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100.
4. DIRECTION OF WIND, to two points.
5. FORCE OF WIND, according to Beaufort Scale.
6. STATE OF WEATHER, b blue sky, c detached cloud, d drizzling rain, f fog, g gloomy, h hail, l lightning, o overcast, p passing showers, q squall, r rain, s snow, t thunder, v visibility, w dew, wet
7. RAIN in inches, tenths and hundredths.

# MAIL NOTICE

HONGKONG, MONDAY, 15TH JULY, 1918.

The Services to Germany, Austria, Bulgaria and the Ottoman Empire are suspended.

## OUTWARD MAILS.

**REGISTERED and PARCEL MAILS close 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated.**

| FOR | DATE |
|---|---|
| Swatow | Tuesday, 16th, 9.00 A.M. |
| Bangkok | Tuesday, 16th, 9.00 A.M. |
| Fort Bayard | Tuesday, 16th, 9.00 A.M. |
| Shanghai, North China and Japan via Nagasaki and Honolulu | Tuesday, 16th, Registration 8.45 A.M., Letters 10.30 A.M. |
| Shanghai, North China, Japan via Nagasaki, Canada, United States, Central and South America and Europe via Canada | Wednesday, 17th, Registration 9.45 A.M., Letters 10.30 A.M. |
| Honolulu | Wednesday, 17th, Registration 9.45 A.M., Letters 10.30 A.M. |
| Swatow, Amoy and Formosa via Takao | Thursday, 18th, 8.00 A.M. |
| Hoihow and Haiphong | Thursday, 18th, 9.00 A.M. |
| Haiphong, Batavia, Samarang, Sourabaya and Port Moresby via Batavia | Thursday, 18th, 11.00 A.M. |
| Shanghai and North China | Thursday, 18th, 2.00 P.M. |
| Philippine Islands, Formosa via Keelung, Japan via Nagasaki, Canada, United States, Central and South America and Europe via VICTORIA, B.C. | Friday, 19th, Registration 8.45 A.M., Letters 9.30 A.M. |
| Weihaiwei, Chefoo and Tientsin | Friday, 19th, 11.00 A.M. |
| Swatow, Amoy and Foochow | Friday, 19th, 1.00 P.M. |
| Philippine Islands | Friday, 19th, 2.00 P.M. |
| Shanghai and North China | Saturday, 20th, 5.00 P.M. |
| Shanghai and North China | Tuesday, 23rd, 11.00 A.M. |
| Swatow, Amoy and Foochow | Tuesday, 23rd, 1.00 P.M. |
| Philippine Islands, Sandakan, Australia, and New Zealand and New Guinea via Port Darwin | Tuesday, 23rd, Registration 1.45 P.M., Letters 2.30 P.M. |

* Superscribed correspondence only.

### LOCAL AND REGULAR MAILS OUTWARD.

| FOR | WEEK-DAYS | SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS |
|---|---|---|
| Tai O | 9.00 A.M. | — |
| Tai Po | 10.00 A.M. | 10.00 A.M. |
| Cheang Chow | 7.30 A.M.<br>2.30 P.M. | —<br>— |
| Shataukok, Shatin, Sheungshui, Autau, Ping Shan, Santin, Aberdeen, Sai Kung and Stanley | 4.00 P.M.<br>4.30 P.M. | —<br>— |
| Canton and Samshui | 7.30 A.M.<br>Regis. 5 P.M.<br>Letters 6 P.M. | 5.00 P.M. |
| Wuchow | 4.00 P.M. | 4.00 P.M. |
| Macao | 7.15 A.M.<br>1.30 P.M. | 9.00 A.M. |
| Kongmoon | 6.00 P.M. Except Saturdays | 5.00 P.M. |
| Namtau and Sanmei | 6.00 P.M. | 5.00 P.M. |
| Shamchun | 10.00 A.M.<br>4.00 P.M. | 10.00 A.M. |

### FROM SHEUNGWAN WESTERN BRANCH P.O.

| FOR | WEEK-DAYS | SUNDAYS & HOLIDAYS |
|---|---|---|
| Macao | 7.30 A.M.<br>1.30 P.M. | 8.30 A.M. 7.30 A.M.<br>1.30 P.M. |
| Canton and Samshui | 7.30 A.M.<br>9.30 P.M. | 9.30 P.M. 7.30 A.M.<br>9.30 P.M. |
| Tai Ping Tung | 9.30 P.M. | 9.30 P.M. 9.30 P.M. |
| Shek Ki | 9.30 P.M. | 9.30 P.M. 9.30 P.M. |
| Kongmoon | 6.00 P.M. | 6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M. |
| Kumchuk | 6.00 P.M. | 6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M. |
| Kaukong | 6.00 P.M. Except Saturdays. | 6.00 P.M. 6.00 P.M. |
| Wuchow | 4.00 P.M. | 4.00 P.M. |

In the case of Mails closing before 9 a.m. Registration closes at 5 o'clock on the previous evening.

# SHARE QUOTATIONS.

## HONGKONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

HONGKONG, 15th JULY, 1918.

*OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS.*
11 A.M.

| | |
|---|---|
| **BANKS.** | |
| Hongkong Banks | $600 n. |
| **MARINE INSURANCES.** | |
| Canton Ins. | $338 b. |
| North China Ins. | T.125 b. |
| Union Ins. | $805 b. |
| Yangtsze Ins. | $192½ b. ex. $73 |
| **FIRE INSURANCES.** | |
| China Fire Ins. | $135 b. |
| Hongkong Fire Ins. | $320 b. |
| **SHIPPING.** | |
| Douglases | $74 b. |
| H.K. Steamboats | $19½ b. |
| Indo-Chinas (Pref.) | $30 b. |
| Do. (Def.) | $142 sa. |
| Shells | 140/- b. |
| Star Ferries | $25 sa. |
| **REFINERIES.** | |
| China Sugars | $84 b. |
| Malabon Sugars | $32 b. |
| **MINING.** | |
| Kailan Mining Adm. | 47/- b. x. d. |
| Langkats | T. 13½ b. |
| Raubs | $2.90 b. |
| Tronoh Mines | 38/- b. |
| Ural Caspians | 17/- b. |
| **DOCKS, WHARVES, GODOWNS, &c.** | |
| H. & K. Wharfs | $91 s. |
| H. & W. Docks | $124½ b. |
| S'hai Docks | T. 135 b. |
| **LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDINGS.** | |
| Central Estates | 92 b. |
| Hongkong Hotels | $92 b. |
| Hongkong Lands | $92 b. |
| Humphreys | $6.25 b. |
| Kowloon Lands | $26 b. |
| West Points | $73 b. |
| **COTTON MILLS.** | |
| Ewo Cottons | T. 180 b. |
| Kung Yiks | T. 14.75 b. |
| Laou Kung Mows | T. 124 n. |
| Orientals | T. 55 b. |
| Shanghai Cottons | T. 149 n. |
| Yangtszepoos | $8.60 b. |
| **MISCELLANEOUS.** | |
| Cements | $7.00 b. |
| China-Borneos | $8.50 b. |
| China Lights | $5.00 b. |
| China-Providents | $7.50 b. |
| Dairy Farms | $27.25 b. & $7.25 sa. |
| H.K. Electrics | $6 b. |
| Macau Do. | $30 b. |
| Hongkong Ropes | $27 b. |
| H.K. Tramways | $6.65 b. |
| Peak Tramways (Old) | $7.00 b. |
| do. (New) | $ .75 b. |
| Steam Laundries | $3.25 b. |
| H.K. Steel Foundries | $12.50 b. |
| Water-boats | $12 n. |
| Watsons | $5.20 b. |
| Powells | $8.30 b. |
| Wisemans | $20 n. |

## SINGAPORE RUBBER SHARE MARKET.

MESSRS. FRASER AND CO.'S QUOTATIONS.

| | SINGAPORE, July 2nd. | |
|---|---|---|
| Alor Gajah ($1) | 2.75 | 3.00 |
| Amal. Malay fy. pd. | 2.35 | 2.60 |
| Ayer Hitam ($5) | 13.00 | 15.00 |
| Ayer Kuning ($1) | 1.05 | 1.15 |
| Ayer Molek ($1) | 1.70 | 1.85 |
| Ayer Panas ($5) | 7.00 | 7.60 |
| Balgownie ($1) | 4.25 | 5.10 |
| Bassett ($1) | 0.70 | 0.85 |
| Batang Benar ($10) | 11.00 | 12.00 |
| Batu Lintang ($10) | 1.00 | 1.50pm |
| Bukit Jelotong ($1) | 0.45 | 0.55 |
| Bukit Kabil ($1) | 0.65 | 0.75 |
| Bukit Kepong (2) | 2.25 | 2.75 |
| Bukit K. B. ($1) | 0.60 | 0.75 |
| Bukit Timah ($10) | — | 11.00 |
| Changkat S'dang ($5) | 5.40 | 6.00 |
| Glenealy P'ns. ($1) | 1.70 | 1.90 |
| Haytor ($5) | 7.00 | 7.50 |
| Indragiri ($5) | 4.80 | 5.10 |
| Jeram ($1) | 1.15 | 1.25 |
| Jimah ($1) | 1.25 | 1.40 |
| Kamasan ($2) | 4.25 | 4.75 |
| Kedah ($1) | 3.30 | 3.60 |
| Kelemak R. ($5) | 5.00 | 5.50 |
| Kempas ($1) | 7.00 | 7.75 |
| Kluang ($5) | 4.50 | 5.00 |
| Lunas ($5) | 5.70 | 6.00 |
| Malaka Pinda | 1.95 | 2.05 |
| Malakoff ($2) | 4.00 | 4.25 |
| Mandai-Tekong ($1) | 0.55 | 0.65 |
| Mergui ($5) | 5.75 | 6.25 |
| New Serendah ($2) | 3.50 | 4.00 |
| Nyalas ($5) | 5.75 | 6.00 |
| Pajam ($5) | 9.50 | 10.25 |
| Pantai ($1) | 1.05 | 1.25 |
| Parit Perak ($1) | 1.95 | 2.15 |
| Perak River ($1) | 2.10 | 2.25 |
| Pulau Bulang ($10) | 4.00 | 4.15 |
| Punggor ($1) | 0.50 | 0.60 |
| Radella ($5) | 8.75 | 9.25 |
| Sandycroft ($2) | 3.00 | 3.50 |
| Scudai ($5) | 5.65 | 6.00 |
| Sembrong ($1) | 0.20 | 0.30 |
| Sungei Bagan ($2) | 2.60 | [illegible] |
| Sungei Patani ($1) | 0.30 | 0.45pm |
| Tambalak ($1) | 0.75 | 0.85 |
| Tapah ($10) | 12.00 | 14.00 |
| Teluk Anson ($5) | 8.00 | 9.00 |
| Temerloh ($1) | 0.85 | 1.10 |
| Trafalgar ($2) | 0.90 | 1.00 |
| Ulu Pandan ($1) | 0.55 | 0.65 |
| United Malacca ($1) | 0.80 | 0.90 |
| Utan Simpan ($1) | 3.00 | 3.75 |

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